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Public Law

123rd Legislature

Second Regular Session

Chapter 598 S.P. 915 - L.D. 2294

An Act To Modernize the Local Health Officer Statutes

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §6301, sub-§5-A, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 661, §6 and amended by PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §6, is further amended to read:

5-A. Notification. The superintendent shall cause notice of the communicable disease to be given to the Department of Health and Human Services, in accordance with the requirements of Title 22, chapter chapters 250 and 251, and rules issued under that chapter those chapters.

Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §6301, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8 and amended by PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §6, is further amended to read:

6. Authority and duties of the Department of Health and Human Services. The Department of Health and Human Services shall have has the authority and duties prescribed in Title 22, chapter chapters 250 and 251 on with respect to the control of notifiable diseases and conditions and communicable diseases.

Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §6356, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 661, §8, is amended to read:

1. Public health official action. When a public health official has reason to believe that the continued presence in a school of a child who has not been immunized against one or more diseases presents a clear danger to the health of others, the public health official shall notify <u>the Department of Health and Human Services</u>, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention and the superintendent of the school. The superintendent shall cause the child to be excluded from school during the period of danger or until the child receives the necessary immunizing agent.

Whenever, as a result of this section, a child is absent from the public school for more than 10 days, the superintendent shall make arrangements to meet the educational needs of the child.

Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §252, as amended by PL 1989, c. 487, §2, is further amended to read:

§ 252. Penalties

Whoever willfully <u>A person who intentionally or knowingly</u> violates any provision of section 451, 454, 456<u>454-A</u>, 461 or 462, or of rules adopted pursuant to those sections, or neglects or refuses to obey any order or direction of any local health officer authorized by those provisions, the penalty for which is not specifically provided, or willfullyintentionally or knowingly interferes with any person or thing to prevent the execution of those sections or of the rules, is guilty of a Class E crimecommits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$500 may be adjudged. The District Court shall have has jurisdiction of all offenses under these sections.

Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §451, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 462, §1, is amended to read:

2. Qualifications. The local health officer must be qualified by education, training or experience in the field of public health or a combination as determined by standards adopted by department rule no later than June 1, 2008. A person who is employed as a local health officer who is not qualified by education, training or experience must meet qualification standards adopted by department rule no later than June 1, 2009. On or after June 1, 2009, a person may not be appointed and employed as a local health officer unless that person is first qualified pursuant to the standards set by department rule<u>6 months after appointment</u>. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §454, as repealed and replaced by PL 1997, c. 387, §1 and amended by PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §454-A is enacted to read:

§ 454-A. Powers and duties

1. Supervision. For the purposes of this section, a local health officer is subject to the supervision and direction of the commissioner or the commissioner's designee.

2. Duties. Within jurisdictional limits, a local health officer shall:

A. Make and keep a record of all the proceedings, transactions, ordinances, orders and rules acted upon by the local health officer;

B. Report to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee facts that relate to communicable diseases and cases of communicable disease as required by department rules;

C. During a declared health emergency, as defined in section 802, subsections 2 and 2-A, report to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee facts regarding potential notifiable diseases and cases that directly relate to the declared health emergency, as the rules of the department require;

D. Receive and examine the nature of complaints made by members of the public concerning conditions posing a public health threat or a potential public health threat;

E. With the consent of the owner, agent or occupant, enter, inspect and examine any place or premises where filth, whether or not the cause of sickness, or conditions posing a public health threat are known or believed to exist. An agent with special expertise appointed by the local health officer may inspect and examine the place or premises. If entry is refused, the local health officer shall apply for an inspection warrant from the District Court, pursuant to Title 4, section 179, prior to conducting the inspection;

F. After consulting with the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, order the suppression and removal of nuisances and conditions suspected of posing or found to pose a public health threat;

<u>G.</u> Act as a resource for connecting residents with the public health services and resources provided by the Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention; and

H. Enforce public health safety laws, including:

(1) Laws pertaining to the exclusion of students from school under Title 20-A, section 6356;

(2) Laws pertaining to control of browntail moths under section 1444;

(3) Laws pertaining to the removal of a private nuisance or nuisance of a dead animal under sections 1561 and 1562;

(4) Laws pertaining to the establishment of temporary health care facilities under section 1762; and

(5) Laws pertaining to prohibited dumping under Title 30-A, section 3352.

For purposes of this subsection, "public health threat" means any condition or behavior that can reasonably be expected to place others at significant risk of exposure to infection with a communicable disease.

Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §459, as amended by PL 1989, c. 487, §§6 and 7 and PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §6, is repealed.

Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §801, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 487, §11, is amended to read:

6. Local health officer. "<u>MunicipalLocal</u> health officer" means a person who is a municipal official appointed pursuant to section 451 and who is authorized by the department to enforce this chapter.

Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §804, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 487, §11, is amended to read:

1. Rules enforced. All agents of the department, <u>municipallocal</u> health officers, sheriffs, state and local law enforcement officers and other officials designated by the department <u>shallare authorized</u> to enforce the rules of the department made pursuant to section 802 to the extent that enforcement is authorized in those rules.

Sec. 11. 22 MRSA §1313-A, first ¶, as amended by PL 2007, c. 133, §2, is further amended to read:

If an undomesticated animal suspected of having rabies bites or may have otherwise exposed to rabies a person or a domestic animal, an animal control officer, a local health officer or a game warden shall immediately either remove the undomesticated animal or cause the undomesticated animal to be removed and euthanized for testing. If a wolf hybrid suspected of having rabies bites or may have otherwise exposed to rabies a person or a domestic animal, an animal control officer, a local health officer

or a law enforcement officer shall immediately cause the animal to be euthanized for testing. When in the judgment of the animal control officer, local health officer, game warden or law enforcement officer the animal poses an immediate threat to a person or domestic animal, the animal control officer, local health officer, game warden or law enforcement officer may immediately kill or order killed that animal without destroying the head. The Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife shall arrange for the transportation of the head to the State Health and Environmental Testing Laboratory, except that the animal control officer shall make the arrangements if the animal is a wolf hybrid.

Sec. 12. 22 MRSA §2608, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 837, §2, is repealed.

Sec. 13. 30-A MRSA §1560, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6; c. 9, §2; and c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

1. Removal. If a prisoner in a jail is afflicted with a disease which<u>that</u> the <u>local health</u> officer<u>Commissioner of Health and Human Services or the commissioner's designee</u>, by medical advice, considers dangerous to the safety and health of other prisoners or of the inhabitants of the municipality, the <u>local health officercommissioner or designee</u> shall, by written order, direct the person's removal to some place of safety, to be securely kept and provided for until the <u>officer'scommissioner's or designee's</u> further order.

Sec. 14. 30-A MRSA §1560, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6; c. 9, §2; and c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

4. Notice. If the diseased person was committed to the place of confinement by an order of court or judicial process, the local health officerCommissioner of Health and Human Services or the commissioner's designee shall send the following to the office of the clerk of court from which the order or process was issued:

A. The order for the diseased person's removal or a copy of the order attested by the local health officercommissioner or designee; and

B. A statement describing the actions taken under the order.

Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §2171, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1993, c. 310, Pt. B, §4, is further amended to read:

1. Membership. The committee must be comprised of citizens from each affected municipality, appointed by the municipal officers, including, but not limited to: a <u>municipallocal</u> health officer; a municipal officer; and at least 3 additional residents of the municipality, including abutting property owners and residents potentially affected by pollution from the facility. In addition, each committee may include members representing any of the following interests: environmental and community groups; labor groups; professionals with expertise relating to landfills or incinerators; experts in the areas of chemistry, epidemiology, hydrogeology and biology; and legal experts.

Sec. 16. Qualifications standards for current local health officers. A person who is employed as a local health officer on the effective date of this Act who is not qualified by education, training or experience or who has not met the qualification standards adopted by rule by the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 451, subsection 2 shall meet those qualification standards no later than June 30, 2009.

Public Law, Chapter 598, 123rd Legislature, Second Regular Session