

**Maine Revised Statute Title 24-A, Chapter 56-  
A: HEALTH PLAN IMPROVEMENT ACT**

**Table of Contents**

<b>Subchapter 1. HEALTH PLAN REQUIREMENTS .....</b>	<b>3</b>
Section 4301. DEFINITIONS (REPEALED).....	3
Section 4301-A. DEFINITIONS.....	3
Section 4302. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.....	6
Section 4303. PLAN REQUIREMENTS .....	9
Section 4304. UTILIZATION REVIEW.....	18
Section 4305. QUALITY OF CARE.....	19
Section 4306. ENROLLEE CHOICE OF PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.....	19
Section 4307. CONSTRUCTION.....	20
Section 4308. INDEMNIFICATION.....	21
Section 4309. ADOPTION OF RULES.....	21
Section 4310. ACCESS TO CLINICAL TRIALS.....	21
Section 4311. ACCESS TO PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.....	22
Section 4312. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL REVIEW.....	23
Section 4313. CARRIER LIABILITY; CAUSE OF ACTION.....	25
Section 4314. ACCESS TO EYE CARE PROVIDERS.....	27
Section 4315. COVERAGE OF PROSTHETIC DEVICES.....	29
Section 4316. COVERAGE FOR TELEMEDICINE SERVICES.....	30
<b>Subchapter 2. CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION .....</b>	<b>30</b>
Section 4321. CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION.....	30
Section 4322. CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION ADVISORY COUNCIL (REPEALED).....	32
<b>Subchapter 3. DOWNSTREAM RISK .....</b>	<b>32</b>
Section 4331. DEFINITIONS.....	32
Section 4332. SAFE HARBOR AND WAIVER.....	34
Section 4333. REQUIREMENTS FOR DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS.....	34
Section 4334. SUBSTANTIAL INSURANCE RISK; SUBSTANTIAL ENROLLMENT RISK.....	35
Section 4335. CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS.....	35
Section 4336. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR ORGANIZATIONS WITH DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS.....	37
Section 4337. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO SUBCONTRACTING ARRANGEMENTS.....	37
Section 4338. DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS THAT EXCEED RISK THRESHOLD DESCRIBED IN SECTION 4334.....	38
Section 4339. CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS TO DEMONSTRATE FINANCIAL VIABILITY.....	38
Section 4340. FINANCIAL VIABILITY.....	39

Section 4341. LIMITATIONS ON PREMIUM TRANSFER..... 39  
Section 4342. RELATED PROVISIONS..... 40  
Section 4343. RULES..... 40

Subchapter 1: HEALTH PLAN REQUIREMENTS  
HEADING: PL 1997, C. 792, §2 (NEW)

**24-A §4301. DEFINITIONS**

*(REPEALED)*

SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1997, c. 604, §A1 (AMD). 1999, c. 256, §A1 (AMD). 1999, c. 609, §19 (AMD). 1999, c. 742, §2 (RP). 2001, c. 471, §A28 (RP).

**24-A §4301-A. DEFINITIONS**

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

**1. Adverse health care treatment decision.** "Adverse health care treatment decision" means a health care treatment decision made by or on behalf of a carrier offering or renewing a health plan denying in whole or in part payment for or provision of otherwise covered services requested by or on behalf of an enrollee.

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §1 (AMD) .]

**2. Authorized representative.** "Authorized representative" means:

A. A person to whom an enrollee has given express written consent to represent the enrollee in an external review; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

B. A person authorized by law to provide consent to request an external review for an enrollee; or [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

C. A family member of an enrollee or an enrollee's treating health care provider when the enrollee is unable to provide consent to request an external review. [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) .]

**3. Carrier.** "Carrier" means:

A. An insurance company licensed in accordance with this Title to provide health insurance; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

B. A health maintenance organization licensed pursuant to chapter 56; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

C. A preferred provider arrangement administrator registered pursuant to chapter 32; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

D. A fraternal benefit society, as defined by section 4101; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

E. A nonprofit hospital or medical service organization or health plan licensed pursuant to Title 24; [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

F. A multiple-employer welfare arrangement licensed pursuant to chapter 81; or [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

G. A self-insured employer subject to state regulation as described in section 2848-A. [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW).]

An employer exempted from the applicability of this chapter under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 United States Code, Sections 1001 to 1461 (1988) is not considered a carrier.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) .]

**4. Clinical peer.** "Clinical peer" means a physician or other licensed health care practitioner who holds a nonrestricted license in a state of the United States in the same or similar specialty as typically manages the medical condition, procedure or treatment under review, or other physician or health care practitioner with demonstrable expertise necessary to review a case.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**5. Enrollee.** "Enrollee" means an individual who is enrolled in a health plan or a managed care plan.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**6. Health care treatment decision.** "Health care treatment decision" means a decision regarding diagnosis, care or treatment when medical services are provided by a health plan, or a benefits decision involving determinations regarding medically necessary health care, preexisting condition determinations and determinations regarding experimental or investigational services.

[ 2001, c. 288, §1 (AMD) . ]

**7. Health plan.** "Health plan" means a plan offered or administered by a carrier that provides for the financing or delivery of health care services to persons enrolled in the plan, other than a plan that provides only accidental injury, specified disease, hospital indemnity, Medicare supplement, disability income, long-term care or other limited benefit coverage.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**8. Independent review organization.** "Independent review organization" means an entity that conducts independent external reviews of adverse health care treatment decisions.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**9. Managed care plan.** "Managed care plan" means a plan offered or administered by a carrier that provides for the financing or delivery of health care services to persons enrolled in the plan through:

A. Arrangements with selected providers to furnish health care services; and [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

B. Financial incentives for persons enrolled in the plan to use the participating providers and procedures provided for by the plan. [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

A return to work program developed for the management of workers' compensation claims may not be considered a managed care plan.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**10. Medically appropriate health care.**

[ 2001, c. 288, §2 (RP) . ]

**10-A. Medically necessary health care.** "Medically necessary health care" means health care services or products provided to an enrollee for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury or disease or the symptoms of an illness, injury or disease in a manner that is:

A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice; [2001, c. 288, §3 (NEW) . ]

B. Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration; [2001, c. 288, §3 (NEW) . ]

C. Demonstrated through scientific evidence to be effective in improving health outcomes; [ 2001 , c. 288 , §3 (NEW) . ]

D. Representative of "best practices" in the medical profession; and [ 2001 , c. 288 , §3 (NEW) . ]

E. Not primarily for the convenience of the enrollee or physician or other health care practitioner. [ 2001 , c. 288 , §3 (NEW) . ]

[ 2001 , c. 288 , §3 (NEW) . ]

#### **11. Medical necessity.**

[ 2001 , c. 288 , §4 (RP) . ]

**12. Ordinary care.** "Ordinary care" means, in the case of a carrier, the degree of care that a carrier of ordinary prudence would use under the same or similar circumstances. For a person who is an agent of a carrier, "ordinary care" means the degree of care that a person of ordinary prudence would use under the same or similar circumstances.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**13. Participating provider.** "Participating provider" means a licensed or certified provider of health care services, including mental health services, or health care supplies that has entered into an agreement with a carrier to provide those services or supplies to an individual enrolled in a managed care plan.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**14. Peer-reviewed medical literature.** "Peer-reviewed medical literature" means scientific studies published in at least 2 articles from major peer-reviewed medical journals that present supporting data that the proposed use of a drug or device is safe and effective.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**15. Plan sponsor.** "Plan sponsor" means an employer, association, public agency or any other entity providing a health plan.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**16. Provider.** "Provider" means a practitioner or facility licensed, accredited or certified to perform specified health care services consistent with state law.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**16-A. Provider profiling program.** "Provider profiling program" means a program that uses provider data in order to rate or rank provider quality or efficiency of care by the use of a grade, star, tier, rating or any other form of designation.

[ 2009 , c. 439 , Pt. B , §1 (NEW) . ]

**17. Religious nonmedical provider.** "Religious nonmedical provider" means a provider who provides only religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care.

[ 1999 , c. 742 , §3 (NEW) . ]

**18. Special condition.** "Special condition" means a condition or disease that is life-threatening, degenerative or disabling and requires specialized medical care over a prolonged period of time.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**19. Specialist.** "Specialist" means an appropriately licensed and credentialed health care provider with specialized training and clinical expertise.

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

**20. Standard reference compendia.** "Standard reference compendia" means:

A. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information or information published by its successor organization; or [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

B. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information or information published by its successor organization. [1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

[ 1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 742, §3 (NEW). 2001, c. 288, §§1-4 (AMD). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §1 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §1 (AMD).

## 24-A §4302. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

To offer or renew a health plan in this State, a carrier must comply with the following requirements. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §2 (AMD) . ]

**1. Description of plan.** A carrier shall provide to prospective enrollees and participating providers, and to members of the public and nonparticipating providers upon request, information on the terms and conditions of the plan to enable those persons to make informed decisions regarding their choice of plan. A carrier shall provide this information annually to current enrollees, participating providers and the superintendent. This information must be presented in a standardized format acceptable to the superintendent. In adopting rules or developing standardized reporting formats, the superintendent shall consider the nature of the health plan and the extent to which rules or standardized formats are appropriate to the plan. All written and oral descriptions of the health plan must be truthful and must use appropriate and objective terms that are easy to understand. These descriptions must be consistent with standards developed for supplemental insurance coverage under the United States Social Security Act, Title XVIII, 42 United States Code, Sections 301 to 1397 (1988). Descriptions of plans under this subsection must be standardized so that enrollees may compare the attributes of the plans. After a carrier has provided the required information, the annual information requirement under this subsection may be satisfied by the provision of any amendments to the materials on an annual basis. Specific items that must be included in a description are as follows:

A. Coverage provisions, benefits and any exclusions by category of service, type of provider and, if applicable, by specific service, including but not limited to the following types of exclusions and limitations:

- (1) Health care services excluded from coverage;
- (2) Health care services requiring copayments or deductibles paid by enrollees;
- (3) Restrictions on access to a particular provider type;
- (4) Health care services that are or may be provided only by referral; and
- (5) Childhood immunizations as recommended by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the American Academy of Pediatrics; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §2 (AMD) . ]

- B. Any prior authorization or other review requirements, including preauthorization review, concurrent review, postservice review, postpayment review and any procedures that may result in the enrollee being denied coverage or not being provided a particular service; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- C. A general description of the methods used to compensate providers, including capitation and methods in which providers receive compensation based upon referrals, utilization or cost criteria; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- D. An explanation of how health plan limitations affect enrollees, including information on enrollee financial responsibilities for payment of coinsurance or other noncovered or out-of-plan services and limits on preexisting conditions and waiting periods; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- E. The terms under which the health plan may be renewed by the plan members or enrollees, including any reservation by the health plan of any right to increase premiums; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- F. A statement as to when benefits cease in the event of nonpayment of the prepaid or periodic premium and the effect of nonpayment upon the enrollees who are hospitalized or undergoing treatment for an ongoing condition; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- G. A description of the manner in which the plan addresses the following: the provision of appropriate and accessible care in a timely fashion; an effective and timely grievance process and the circumstances in which an enrollee may obtain a 2nd opinion; timely determinations of coverage issues; confidentiality of medical records; and written copies of coverage decisions that are not explicit in the health plan agreement. The description must also include a statement explaining the circumstances under which health status may be considered in making coverage decisions in accordance with state and federal laws and that enrollees may refuse particular treatments without jeopardizing future treatment; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]
- H. Procedures an enrollee must follow to obtain drugs and medicines that are subject to a plan list or plan formulary, if any; a description of the formulary; and a description of the extent to which an enrollee will be reimbursed for the cost of a drug that is not on a plan list or plan formulary. Enrollees may request additional information related to specific drugs that are not on the drug formulary; [1999, c. 742, §4 (AMD).]
- I. Information on where and in what manner health care services may be obtained; [1999, c. 742, §4 (AMD).]
- J. A description of the independent external review procedures and the circumstances under which an enrollee is entitled to independent external review as required by this chapter; [2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §2 (AMD).]
- K. A description of the requirements for enrollees to obtain coverage of routine costs of clinical trials and information on the manner in which enrollees not eligible to participate in clinical trials may qualify for the compassionate use program of the federal Food and Drug Administration for use of investigational drugs pursuant to 21 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 312.34, as amended; and [2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §3 (AMD).]
- L. A description of a provider profiling program that may be a part of the health plan, including the location of provider performance ratings in the plan materials or on a publicly accessible website, information explaining the provider rating system and the basis upon which provider performance is measured, the limitations of the data used to measure provider performance, the process for selecting providers and a conspicuous written disclaimer explaining the provider performance ratings should only

be used as a guide for choosing a provider and that enrollees should consult their current provider before making a decision about their health care based on a provider rating. [2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §4 (NEW).]

[ 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §2 (AMD); 2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §§2-4 (AMD) .]

**2. Plan complaint; adverse decisions; prior authorization statistics.** A carrier shall provide annually to the superintendent information for each health plan that it offers or renews on plan complaints, adverse decisions and prior authorization statistics. This statistical information must contain, at a minimum:

A. The ratio of the number of complaints received by the plan to the total number of enrollees, reported by type of complaint and category of enrollee; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

B. The ratio of the number of adverse decisions issued by the plan to the number of complaints received, reported by category; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

C. The ratio of the number of prior authorizations denied by the plan to the number of prior authorizations requested, reported by category; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

D. The ratio of the number of successful enrollee appeals to the total number of appeals filed; [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

E. The percentage of disenrollments by enrollees and providers from the health plan within the previous 12 months and the reasons for the disenrollments. With respect to enrollees, the information provided in this paragraph must differentiate between voluntary and involuntary disenrollments; and [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

F. Enrollee satisfaction statistics, including provider-to-enrollee ratio by geographic region and medical specialty and a report on what actions, if any, the carrier has taken to improve complaint handling and eliminate the causes of valid complaints. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §3 (AMD) .]

**3. Acceptable methods of providing information.** A carrier may meet any of the reporting requirements set forth in this section by providing information in conformity with the requirements of the federal Health Maintenance Organization Act of 1973, 42 United States Code, Sections 280c and 300e to 300e-17 (1988), or any other applicable state or federal law or any accrediting organization recognized by the superintendent, as long as the superintendent finds that the information is substantially similar to the information required by this section and is presented in a format that provides a meaningful comparison between health plans. When the superintendent determines that it is feasible and appropriate, the information required by this section must be provided by geographic region, age, gender and type of employer or group. With respect to geographical breakdown, the information must be provided in a manner that permits comparisons between urban and rural areas.

[ 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF) .]

**4. Claims data.** By February 1st of each year, a carrier that provides only administrative services for a plan sponsor shall annually file with the superintendent for the most recent complete calendar year for all covered individuals in the State the total number of claims paid for each plan sponsor and the total dollar amount of claims paid for each plan sponsor.

[ 2001, c. 457, §23 (NEW) .]

**5. Annual report; claims for treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses.** By February 1st of each year, all carriers shall file with the superintendent for the most recent calendar year for all covered individuals in the State the total claims made for the treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses. The filing must include information on the number of claims made for the treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses, the total dollar amount of those claims, the number of claim denials and the reasons for those denials, the number and outcome of internal appeals and the number of external appeals related to the treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses. The superintendent shall compile from all carriers this data in an annual report and submit the report by March 15th of each year to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health insurance matters.

[ 2007, c. 561, §2 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 742, §§4,5 (AMD). 2001, c. 457, §23 (AMD). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §§2, 3 (AMD). 2007, c. 561, §2 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §2 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §§2-4 (AMD).

## 24-A §4303. PLAN REQUIREMENTS

A carrier offering or renewing a health plan in this State must meet the following requirements.  
[2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §4 (AMD).]

**1. Demonstration of adequate access to providers.** Except as provided in paragraphs A, B and C, a carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan shall provide to its members reasonable access to health care services in accordance with standards developed by rule by the superintendent. These standards must consider the geographical and transportation problems in rural areas. All managed care plans covering residents of this State must provide reasonable access to providers consistent with the access-to-services requirements of any applicable bureau rule.

A.

[2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §5 (AMD); T. 24-A, §4303, sub-§1(A) (RP).]

B. Upon approval of the superintendent, a carrier may offer a health plan that includes financial provisions designed to encourage members to use designated providers in a network if:

- (1) The entire network meets overall access standards pursuant to Bureau of Insurance Rule Chapter 850;
- (2) The health plan is consistent with product design guidelines for Bureau of Insurance Rule Chapter 750, but only if the health plan is offered by a health maintenance organization;
- (3) The health plan does not include financial provisions designed to encourage members to use designated providers of primary, preventive, maternity, obstetrical, ancillary or emergency care services, as defined in Bureau of Insurance Rule Chapter 850;
- (4) The financial provisions may apply to all of the enrollees covered under the carrier's health plan;
- (5) The carrier establishes to the satisfaction of the superintendent that the financial provisions permit the provision of better quality services and the quality improvements either significantly outweigh any detrimental impact to covered persons forced to travel longer distances to access services, or the carrier has taken steps to effectively mitigate any detrimental impact associated with requiring covered persons to travel longer distances to access services. The superintendent may consult with other state entities, including the Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health and the Maine Quality Forum established in section 6951, to determine whether the carrier

has met the requirements of this subparagraph. The superintendent shall adopt rules regarding the criteria used by the superintendent to determine whether the carrier meets the quality requirements of this subparagraph; and

(6) The financial provisions may not permit travel at a distance that exceeds the standards established in Bureau of Insurance Rule Chapter 850 for mileage and travel time by 100%. [2009, c. 357, §1 (NEW).]

C. A carrier may develop and file with the superintendent for approval a pilot program that allows carriers to reward providers for quality and efficiency through tiered benefit networks and providing incentives to members. The upper tier, or the upper tiers if there are 3 or more tiers, under a pilot program approved pursuant to this paragraph is exempt from geographic access requirements set forth in this subsection or in rules adopted by the superintendent. Any carrier offering a health plan under the pilot program must collect data on the impact of the pilot program on premiums paid by enrollees, payments made to providers, quality of care received and access to health care services by individuals enrolled in health plans under the pilot program and must submit that data annually to the superintendent. The superintendent shall report annually beginning January 15, 2010 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over insurance and financial services matters on any approval of a pilot program pursuant to this paragraph.

The basis for tiering benefits under a pilot program must be to provide incentives for higher-quality care, improved patient safety or improved efficiency or a combination of those factors. The superintendent shall consult with the Maine Quality Forum under section 6951 in assessing quality. The superintendent shall disapprove or withdraw approval of a pilot program if the superintendent finds that approval or continued operation would cause undue hardship to enrollees in the pilot program or reduce their quality of care.

The superintendent shall consider the experience of approved pilot programs, including consumer complaints and examinations, provider behavior and efficiency, in determining whether or not to reapprove subsequent pilot program applications. [2009, c. 357, §1 (NEW).]

[ 2009, c. 357, §1 (AMD) .]

**2. Credentialling.** The credentialling of providers by a carrier is governed by this subsection.

A. The granting of credentials must be based on objective standards that are available to providers upon application for credentialling. A carrier shall consult with appropriately qualified health care professionals in developing its credentialling standards. [1997, c. 163, §1 (AMD).]

B. All credentialling decisions, including those granting, denying or withdrawing credentials, must be in writing. The provider must be provided with all reasons for the denial of an application for credentialling or the withdrawal of credentials. A withdrawal of credentials must be treated as a provider termination and is subject to the requirements of subsection 3-A. [1997, c. 163, §1 (AMD).]

C. A carrier shall establish and maintain an appeal procedure, including the provider's right to a hearing, for dealing with provider concerns relating to the denial of credentialling for not meeting the objective credentialling standards of the plan and the contractual relationship between the carrier and the provider. The superintendent shall determine whether the process provided by a carrier is fair and reasonable. This procedure must be specified in every contract between a carrier and a provider or between a carrier and a provider network if a carrier does not contract with providers individually. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

D. A carrier shall make credentialling decisions, including those granting or denying credentials, within 60 days of receipt of a completed credentialling application from a provider. The time period for granting or denying credentials may be extended upon written notification from the carrier within 60 days following submission of a completed application stating that information contained in the application requires additional time for verification. All credentialling decisions must be made within 180 days of receipt of a completed application. For the purposes of this paragraph, an application is completed if the application includes all of the information required by the uniform credentialling application used

by carriers and providers in this State, such attachments to that application as required by the carrier at the time of application and all corrections required by the carrier. A carrier shall review the entire application before returning it to the provider for corrections with a comprehensive list of all corrections needed at the time the application is first returned to the provider. A carrier may not require that a provider have a home address within the State before accepting an application. [2003, c. 108, §1 (NEW).]

E. A carrier with a provider profiling program shall:

- (1) Disclose to providers the methodologies, criteria, data and analysis used to evaluate provider quality, performance and cost-efficiency ratings;
- (2) Create and share with providers their provider profile at least 60 days prior to using or publicly disclosing the results of the provider profiling program;
- (3) Afford providers the opportunity to correct errors, submit additional information for consideration and seek review of data and performance ratings; and
- (4) Afford providers due process appeal rights to challenge the profiling determination described in this subsection and by Bureau of Insurance Rule Chapter 850, Health Plan Accountability.

If a carrier has a provider profiling program that includes out-of-network providers, a carrier must meet the requirements of this paragraph with regard to an out-of-network provider as well as for a provider in a carrier's network. [2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §5 (NEW).]

[2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §5 (AMD).]

**3. Provider's right to advocate for medically appropriate care.** A carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan may not terminate or otherwise discipline a participating provider because the provider advocates for medically appropriate health care. A carrier may not restrict a provider from disclosing to any enrollee any information the provider determines appropriate regarding the nature of treatment and any risks or alternatives to treatment, the availability of other therapy, consultations or tests or the decision of any plan to authorize or deny health care services or benefits.

A. For the purposes of this section, "to advocate for medically appropriate health care" means to discuss or recommend a course of treatment to an enrollee; to appeal a managed care plan's decision to deny payment for a service pursuant to an established grievance or appeal procedure; or to protest a decision, policy or practice that the provider, consistent with the degree of learning and skill ordinarily possessed by reputable providers, reasonably believes impairs the provider's ability to provide medically appropriate health care to the provider's patients. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

B. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to prohibit a plan from making a determination not to pay for a particular medical treatment or service or to enforce reasonable peer review or utilization review protocols. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

[2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §6 (AMD).]

**3-A. Termination of participating providers.** A carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan may not terminate or nonrenew a contract with a participating provider unless the carrier provides the provider with a written explanation prior to the termination or nonrenewal of the reasons for the proposed contract termination or nonrenewal and provides an opportunity for a review or hearing in accordance with this subsection. The existence of a termination without cause provision in a carrier's contract with a provider does not supersede the requirements of this subsection. This subsection does not apply to termination cases involving imminent harm to patient care, a final determination of fraud by a governmental agency, a final disciplinary action by a state licensing board or other governmental agency that impairs the ability of a provider to practice. A review or hearing of proposed contract termination must meet the following requirements.

A. The notice of the proposed contract termination or nonrenewal provided by the carrier to the participating provider must include:

- (1) The reason or reasons for the proposed action in sufficient detail to permit the provider to respond;
- (2) Reference to the evidence or documentation underlying the carrier's decision to pursue the proposed action. A carrier shall permit a provider to review this evidence and documentation upon request;
- (3) Notice that the provider has the right to request a review or hearing before a panel appointed by the carrier;
- (4) A time limit of not less than 30 days from the date the provider receives the notice within which a provider may request a review or hearing; and
- (5) A time limit for a hearing date that must be not less than 30 days after the date of receipt of a request for a hearing.

Termination or nonrenewal may not be effective earlier than 60 days from the receipt of the notice of termination or nonrenewal. [1997, c. 163, §2 (NEW).]

B. A hearing panel must be composed of at least 3 persons appointed by the carrier and one person on the hearing panel must be a clinical peer in the same discipline and the same or similar specialty of the provider under review. A hearing panel may be composed of more than 3 persons if the number of clinical peers on the hearing panel constitutes 1/3 or more of the total membership of the panel. [1997, c. 163, §2 (NEW).]

C. A hearing panel shall render a written decision on the proposed action in a timely manner. This decision must be either the reinstatement of the provider by the carrier, the provisional reinstatement of the provider subject to conditions established by the carrier or the termination or nonrenewal of the provider. [1997, c. 163, §2 (NEW).]

D. A decision by a hearing panel to terminate or nonrenew a contract with a provider may not become effective less than 60 days after the receipt by the provider of the hearing panel's decision or until the termination date in the provider's contract, whichever is earlier. [1997, c. 163, §2 (NEW).]

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §7 (AMD) .]

**3-B. Prohibition on financial incentives.** A carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan may not offer or pay any type of material inducement, bonus or other financial incentive to a participating provider to deny, reduce, withhold, limit or delay specific medically necessary health care services covered under the plan to an enrollee. This subsection may not be construed to prohibit contracts that contain incentive plans that involve general payments such as capitation payments or risk-sharing agreements that are made with respect to providers or groups of providers or that are made with respect to groups of enrollees.

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §8 (AMD) .]

**4. Grievance procedure for enrollees.** A carrier offering or renewing a health plan in this State shall establish and maintain a grievance procedure that meets standards developed by the superintendent to provide for the resolution of claims denials or other matters by which enrollees are aggrieved.

A. The grievance procedure must include, at a minimum, the following:

- (1) Notice to the enrollee promptly of any claim denial or other matter by which enrollees are likely to be aggrieved, stating the basis for the decision, the right to file a grievance, the procedure for doing so and the time period in which the grievance must be filed;

(2) Timelines within which grievances must be processed, including expedited processing for exigent circumstances. Timelines must be sufficiently expeditious to resolve grievances promptly. Decisions for second level grievance reviews as defined by bureau rules must be issued within 30 calendar days if the insured has not requested the opportunity to appear in person before authorized representatives of the health carrier;

(3) Procedures for the submission of relevant information and enrollee participation;

(4) Provision to the aggrieved party of a written statement upon the conclusion of any grievance process, setting forth the reasons for any decision. The statement must include notice to the aggrieved party of any subsequent appeal or external review rights, the procedure and time limitations for exercising those rights and notice of the right to file a complaint with the Bureau of Insurance and the toll-free telephone number of the bureau; and

(5) Decision-making by one or more individuals not previously involved in making the decision subject to the grievance. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §9 (AMD).]

B. In any appeal under the grievance procedure in which a professional medical opinion regarding a health condition is a material issue in the dispute, the aggrieved party is entitled to an independent 2nd opinion, paid for by the plan, of a provider of the same specialty participating in the plan. If a provider of the same specialty does not participate in the plan, then the 2nd opinion must be given by a nonparticipating provider. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

C. In any appeal under the grievance procedure, the carrier shall provide auxiliary telecommunications devices or qualified interpreter services by a person proficient in American Sign Language when requested by an enrollee who is deaf or hard-of-hearing or printed materials in an accessible format, including Braille, large-print materials, computer diskette, audio cassette or a reader when requested by an enrollee who is visually impaired to allow the enrollee to exercise the enrollee's right to an appeal under this subsection. [1999, c. 742, §9 (NEW).]

D. Notwithstanding this subsection, a group health plan sponsored by an agricultural cooperative association located outside of this State that provides health insurance coverage to members of one or more agricultural cooperative associations located within this State may employ a grievance procedure for enrollees in the group health plan that meets the requirements of the state in which the group health plan is located if enrollees in the group health plan that reside in this State have the right to independent external review in accordance with section 4312 following any adverse health care treatment decision. Any difference in the grievance procedure requirements between those of the state in which the group health plan is located and those of this State must be limited to the number of days required for notification of prior authorization for nonemergency services and the number of days required for the issuance of a decision following the filing of an appeal of an adverse health care treatment decision. Enrollees in the group health plan that reside in this State must be notified as to the grievance procedure used by the group health plan and their right to independent external review in accordance with section 4312. [2003, c. 309, §1 (NEW).]

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §9 (AMD) .]

##### **5. Identification of services provided by certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse midwives.**

All claims for coverage of services provided by certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse midwives must identify the certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse midwives who provided those services. A carrier offering or renewing a health plan in this State shall assign identification numbers or codes to certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse midwives who provide covered services for enrollees covered under that plan. A claim submitted for payment to a carrier by a health care provider or facility must include the identification number or code of the certified nurse practitioner or certified nurse midwife who provided the service and may not be submitted using the identification number or code of a physician or other health care provider who did not provide the covered service.

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §10 (AMD) .]

**6. Standing referrals to specialists.** A carrier shall establish and maintain a procedure to allow an enrollee with a special condition requiring ongoing care from a specialist to receive a standing referral to a specialist participating in the carrier's network for treatment of that special condition. If the carrier or the enrollee's primary care provider, in consultation with the carrier's medical director, determines that a standing referral is appropriate, the carrier shall ensure that the enrollee receives such a referral to a specialist. If a specialist able to treat the enrollee's special condition does not participate in the carrier's network, then the carrier shall ensure that the enrollee receives a standing referral to a nonparticipating specialist. A standing referral must be made pursuant to a treatment plan approved by the carrier's medical director in consultation with the enrollee's primary care provider. After the standing referral is made, the specialist is authorized to provide health care services to the enrollee in the same manner as the enrollee's primary care provider, subject to the terms of the treatment plan.

[ 1999, c. 742, §10 (NEW) . ]

**7. Continuity of care.** If a contract between a carrier and a provider is terminated or benefits or coverage provided by a provider is terminated because of a change in the terms of provider participation in a health plan and an enrollee is undergoing a course of treatment from the provider at the time of termination, the carrier shall provide continuity of care in accordance with the requirements in paragraphs A to C. This section does not apply to provider terminations exempt from the requirements of subsection 3-A.

If a managed care contract for the provision of health insurance coverage between a plan sponsor and a carrier is replaced within the meaning of section 2849 with a different managed care contract and a health care provider that has been providing health care services to an enrollee is not in the replacement carrier's network, the replacement carrier shall provide continuity of care in accordance with the requirements in paragraphs A to C in the same manner as if the provider had been terminated from the replacement carrier's network as of the date of the policy replacement, but only with respect to benefits that are covered under the replacement contract.

A. The carrier shall notify an enrollee of the termination of the provider's contract at least 60 days in advance of the date of termination. When circumstances related to the termination render such notice impossible, the carrier shall provide affected enrollees as much notice as is reasonably possible. The notice given to the enrollee must include instructions on obtaining an alternate provider and must offer the carrier's assistance with obtaining an alternate provider and ensuring that there is no inappropriate disruption in the enrollee's ongoing treatment. [1999, c. 742, §10 (NEW) . ]

B. The carrier shall permit the enrollee to continue or be covered, with respect to the course of treatment with the provider, for a transitional period of at least 60 days from the date of notice to the enrollee of the provider's termination except that if an enrollee is in the 2nd trimester of pregnancy at the time of the provider's termination and the provider is treating the enrollee during the pregnancy, the transitional period must extend through the provision of postpartum care directly related to the pregnancy. [ 1999, c. 742, §10 (NEW) . ]

C. A carrier may make coverage of continued treatment by a provider under paragraph B conditional upon the provider's agreeing to the following terms and conditions.

(1) The provider agrees to accept reimbursement from the carrier at rates applicable prior to the start of the transitional period as payment in full and not to impose cost-sharing with respect to the enrollee in an amount that would exceed the cost-sharing that could have been imposed if the contract between the carrier and the provider had not been terminated.

(2) The provider agrees to adhere to the quality assurance standards of the carrier responsible for payment and to provide the carrier necessary medical information related to the care provided.

(3) The provider agrees otherwise to adhere to the carrier's policies and procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and prior authorizations and providing services pursuant to any treatment plan approved by the carrier. [1999, c. 742, §10 (NEW) . ]

[ 1999, c. 742, §10 (NEW) . ]

**7-A. Continuity of prescriptions.** If an enrollee has been undergoing a course of treatment with a prescription drug by prior authorization of a carrier and the enrollee's coverage with one carrier is replaced with coverage from another carrier pursuant to section 2849-B, the replacement carrier shall honor the prior authorization for that prescription drug and provide coverage in the same manner as the previous carrier until the replacement carrier conducts a review of the prior authorization for that prescription drug with the enrollee's prescribing provider. Policies must include a notice of the right to request a review with the enrollee's provider, and the replacing carrier must honor the prior carrier's authorization for a period not to exceed 6 months if the enrollee's provider participates in the review and requests the prior authorization be continued. The replacing carrier is not required to provide benefits for conditions or services not otherwise covered under the replacement policy, and cost sharing may be based on the copayments and coinsurance requirements of the replacement policy.

[ 2009, c. 439, Pt. F, §1 (NEW) .]

**8. Maximum allowable charges.** All policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered and issued by a carrier under which the insured or enrollee may be subject to balance billing when charges exceed a maximum considered usual, customary and reasonable by the carrier or that contain contractual language of similar import must be subject to the following.

A. If benefits for covered services are limited to a maximum amount based on any combination of usual, customary and reasonable charges or other similar method, the carrier must:

(1) Clearly disclose that the insured or enrollee may be subject to balance billing as a result of claims adjustment; and

(2) Provide a toll-free number that an insured or enrollee may call prior to receiving services to determine the maximum allowable charge permitted by the carrier for a specified service. [ 2001, c. 410, Pt. B, §5 (NEW) .]

B. The carrier must provide to the superintendent on request complete information on the methodology and specific data used by the carrier or any 3rd party on behalf of the carrier in adjusting any claim submitted by or on behalf of the insured or enrollee. In considering the reasonableness of the methodology for calculating maximum allowable charges, the superintendent shall consider whether the methodology takes into account relevant data specific to this State if there is sufficient data to constitute a representative sample of charge data for the same or comparable service. [ 2001, c. 410, Pt. B, §5 (NEW) .]

[ 2001, c. 410, Pt. B, §5 (NEW) .]

**9. (REALLOCATED TO T. 24-A, §4303, sub-§11) Absolute discretion clauses.**

[ 2003, c. 110, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 1, §21 (RAL) .]

**9. Notice of amendments to provider agreements.** A carrier offering or renewing a health plan in this State shall notify a participating provider of a proposed amendment to a provider agreement at least 60 days prior to the amendment's proposed effective date. If an amendment that has substantial impact on the rights and obligations of providers is made to a manual, policy or procedure document referenced in the provider agreement, such as material changes to fee schedules or material changes to procedural coding rules specified in the manual, policy or procedure document, the carrier shall provide 60 days' notice to the provider. After the 60-day notice period has expired, the amendment to a manual, policy or procedure document becomes effective and binding on both the carrier and the provider subject to any applicable termination provisions in the provider agreement, except that the carrier and provider may mutually agree to waive the 60-day notice requirement. This subsection may not be construed to limit the ability of a carrier and provider to mutually agree to the proposed change at any time after the provider has received notice of the proposed amendment.

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §11 (AMD) .]

**10. Limits on retrospective denials.** A carrier offering a health plan in this State may not impose on any provider any retrospective denial of a previously paid claim or any part of that previously paid claim unless:

- A. The carrier has provided the reason for the retrospective denial in writing to the provider; and [2003, c. 218, §9 (NEW).]
- B. The time that has elapsed since the date of payment of the previously paid claim does not exceed 12 months. The retrospective denial of a previously paid claim may be permitted beyond 12 months from the date of payment only for the following reasons:
  - (1) The claim was submitted fraudulently;
  - (2) The claim payment was incorrect because the provider or the insured was already paid for the health care services identified in the claim;
  - (3) The health care services identified in the claim were not delivered by the provider;
  - (4) The claim payment was for services covered by Title XVIII, Title XIX or Title XXI of the Social Security Act;
  - (5) The claim payment is the subject of adjustment with another insurer, administrator or payor; or
  - (6) The claim payment is the subject of legal action. [2007, c. 106, §1 (AMD).]

For purposes of this subsection, "retrospective denial of a previously paid claim" means any attempt by a carrier to retroactively collect payments already made to a provider with respect to a claim by requiring repayment of such payments, reducing other payments currently owed to the provider, withholding or setting off against future payments or reducing or affecting the future claim payments to the provider in any other manner. The provider has 6 months from the date of notification under this subsection to determine whether the insured has other appropriate insurance that was in effect on the date of service. Notwithstanding the terms of the provider agreement, the carrier shall allow for the submission of a claim that was previously denied by another insurer because of the insured's transfer or termination of coverage.

[ 2007, c. 106, §1 (AMD) .]

**11. (REALLOCATED FROM T. 24-A, §4303, sub-§9) Absolute discretion clauses.** The use and enforcement of an absolute discretion clause is governed by this subsection.

A. A policy, contract, certificate or agreement offered, delivered, issued or renewed for delivery in this State by a carrier to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the costs of health care services may not contain a provision purporting to reserve sole or absolute discretion to the carrier to interpret the terms of the contract or to provide standards of interpretation or review that are inconsistent with the laws of this State. [2003, c. 1, §21 (RAL).]

B. A carrier may not enforce a provision in a policy, contract, certificate or agreement that was offered, delivered or issued for delivery in this State and has been continued or renewed by a group policy holder or individual enrollee in this State that purports to reserve sole or absolute discretion to the carrier to interpret the terms of the contract or to provide standards of interpretation or review that are inconsistent with the laws of this State. [2003, c. 1, §21 (RAL).]

[ 2003, c. 1, §21 (RAL) .]

**12. Publication of policies by carriers.** A carrier must publish at least 5 individual health plans with the highest level of enrollment and at least 5 small group health plans with the highest level of enrollment on the carrier's publicly accessible website in a manner that will allow consumers to review the coverage offered under each policy. The policies posted on the website must be updated when changes are made to the policies by the carrier. The appearance of the policy on the website must duplicate the appearance of a paper

copy of the policy. The bureau shall provide a link from its website to each carrier's website. A carrier must review annually which policies to post and make any necessary changes on its website. A carrier must post the required policies on its website within 90 days after the effective date of this subsection.

[ 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §3 (NEW) .]

**13. Explanation of benefits.** A carrier offering an individual expense-incurred health plan to residents of this State or an expense-incurred group health plan to an employer in this State shall provide individual policyholders and group certificate holders with clear written explanations of benefit documents in response to the filing of any claim providing for coverage of hospital or medical expenses. The explanation of benefits must include all of the following information:

- A. The date of service; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- B. The provider of the service; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- C. An identification of the service for which the claim is made; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- D. Any amount the insured is obligated to pay under the policy for copayment or coinsurance; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- E. A telephone number and address where the insured may obtain clarification of the explanation of benefits; [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- F. A notice of appeal rights; and [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]
- G. A notice of the right to file a complaint with the bureau after exhausting any appeals under a carrier's internal appeals process. [2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW).]

The superintendent shall establish by rule the minimum information and standards for explanation of benefits forms used by carriers, taking into consideration any input from stakeholders and any national standards for explanation of benefits forms. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. This subsection applies to any explanation of benefits form issued on or after January 1, 2010.

[ 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §4 (NEW) .]

**14. Policy terms.** The superintendent may by rule define standard policy terms that must be used in all policies issued by carriers offering health plans in the State. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

[ 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §5 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1997, c. 163, §§1,2 (AMD). 1999, c. 396, §5 (AMD). 1999, c. 742, §§6-10 (AMD). 1999, c. 396, §7 (AFF). 2001, c. 288, §5 (AMD). 2001, c. 410, §B5 (AMD). 2003, c. 108, §1 (AMD). 2003, c. 110, §1 (AMD). 2003, c. 218, §9 (AMD). 2003, c. 309, §1 (AMD). 2003, c. 469, §E20 (AMD). RR 2003, c. 1, §21 (COR). 2003, c. 689, §B6 (REV). 2007, c. 106, §1 (AMD). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §§4-11 (AMD). 2009, c. 357, §1 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. A, §§3-5 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. B, §5 (AMD). 2009, c. 439, Pt. F, §1 (AMD). MRSA T. 24-A, §4303, sub-1, ¶A (AMD).

## 24-A §4304. UTILIZATION REVIEW

The following requirements apply to health plans doing business in this State that require prior authorization by the plan of health care services or otherwise subject payment of health care services to review for clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy or efficiency. A carrier offering or renewing a health plan subject to this section that contracts with other entities to perform utilization review on the carrier's behalf is responsible for ensuring compliance with this section and chapter 34. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §12 (AMD).]

**1. Requirements for medical review or utilization review practices.** A carrier must appoint a medical director who is responsible for reviewing and approving the carrier's policies governing the clinical aspects of coverage determinations by any health plan that it offers or renews. A carrier's medical review or utilization review practices must be governed by the standard of medically necessary health care as defined in this chapter.

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §13 (AMD) .]

**2. Prior authorization of nonemergency services.** Requests by a provider for prior authorization of a nonemergency service must be answered by a carrier within 2 business days. Both the provider and the enrollee on whose behalf the authorization was requested must be notified by the carrier of its determination. If the information submitted is insufficient to make a decision, the carrier shall notify the provider within 2 business days of the additional information necessary to render a decision. If the carrier determines that outside consultation is necessary, the carrier shall notify the provider and the enrollee for whom the service was requested within 2 business days. The carrier shall make a good faith estimate of when the final determination will be made and contact the enrollee and the provider as soon as practicable. Notification requirements under this subsection are satisfied by written notification postmarked within the time limit specified.

[ 1999, c. 742, §12 (AMD) .]

**3. Background information; affirmative duty of provider.** A provider has an affirmative duty to submit to the carrier the background information necessary for the carrier to complete its review and render a decision within the time period required in subsection 2. If the provider needs additional time to submit that required information, the provider must inform the carrier in a timely manner. Nothing in this section requires a provider to submit confidential information without a signed consent from the enrollee.

[ 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF) .]

**4. Revocation of prior authorization.** When prior approval for a service or other covered item is granted, a carrier may not retrospectively deny coverage or payment for the originally approved service unless fraudulent or materially incorrect information was provided at the time prior approval for the service was granted.

[ 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF) .]

**5. Emergency services.** When conducting utilization review or making a benefit determination for emergency services, a carrier shall provide benefits for emergency services consistent with the requirements of any applicable bureau rule.

[ 1999, c. 742, §13 (NEW) .]

**6. Notice.** A notice issued by a carrier or its contracted utilization review entity in response to a request by or on behalf of an insured or enrollee for authorization of medical services that advises that the requested service has been determined to be medically necessary must also advise whether the service is covered under

the policy or contract under which the insured or enrollee is covered. Nothing in this subsection requires a carrier to provide coverage for services performed when the insured or enrollee is no longer covered by the health plan.

[ 2001, c. 410, Pt. B, §6 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 742, §§11-13 (AMD). 2001, c. 288, §6 (AMD). 2001, c. 410, §B6 (AMD). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §§12, 13 (AMD).

## 24-A §4305. QUALITY OF CARE

A carrier offering or renewing a health plan that subjects payment of benefits for otherwise covered services to review for clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy or efficiency must meet the following requirements relating to quality of care. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §14 (AMD).]

**1. Internal quality assurance program.** A health plan must have an ongoing quality assurance program for the health care services provided or reimbursed by the health plan.

[ 1995, c. 673, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, §2 (AFF) .]

**2. Written standards.** The standards of quality of care must be described in a written document, which must be available for examination by the superintendent or by the Department of Health and Human Services.

[ 1995, c. 673, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, §2 (AFF); 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §6 (REV) .]

**3. Coverage decisions.** Following a determination that a particular service is covered, a carrier may not deny payment for that service based on the enrollee's age, nature of disability or degree of medical dependency.

[ 1995, c. 673, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, §2 (AFF) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 742, §14 (AMD). 2003, c. 689, §B6 (REV). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §14 (AMD).

## 24-A §4306. ENROLLEE CHOICE OF PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER

A carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan shall allow enrollees to choose their own primary care providers, as allowed under the managed care plan's rules, from among the panel of participating providers made available to enrollees under the managed care plan's rules. A carrier shall allow physicians, and certified nurse practitioners who have been approved by the State Board of Nursing to practice advanced practice registered nursing without the supervision of a physician pursuant to Title 32, section 2102, subsection 2-A, to serve as primary care providers for managed care plans. A carrier is not required to contract with certified nurse practitioners or physicians as primary care providers in any manner that exceeds the access and provider network standards required in this chapter or chapter 56, or any rules adopted pursuant to those chapters. A carrier shall allow enrollees in a managed care plan to change primary care providers without good cause at least once annually and to change with good cause as necessary. When an enrollee fails to choose a primary care provider, the carrier may assign the enrollee a primary care provider located in the same geographic area in which the enrollee resides. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §15 (AMD).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 396, §6 (AMD). 1999, c. 742, §15 (AMD). 1999, c. 396, §7 (AFF). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §15 (AMD).

## 24-A §4307. CONSTRUCTION

Nothing in this chapter may be construed to: [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

**1. Purchase services with own funds.** Prohibit an individual from purchasing any health care services with that individual's own funds, whether these services are covered within the individual's benefit package or from another health care provider or plan, except as otherwise provided by federal or state law;

[ 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF) .]

**2. Additional benefits.** Prohibit any plan sponsor from providing additional coverage for benefits, rights or protections not set out in this chapter;

[ 1999, c. 742, §16 (AMD) .]

**3. Provider participation.** Require a carrier to admit to a managed care plan a provider willing to abide by the terms and conditions of the managed care plan; or

[ 1999, c. 742, §16 (AMD) .]

**4. Treatment by religious nonmedical providers.** With respect to coverage of treatment by religious nonmedical providers:

A. Restrict or limit the right of a carrier to include a religious nonmedical provider as a participating provider in a managed care plan; [1999, c. 742, §17 (NEW).]

B. Require a carrier to:

(1) Utilize medically based eligibility standards or criteria in deciding provider status of religious nonmedical providers;

(2) Use medical professionals or criteria to decide enrollee access to religious nonmedical providers;

(3) Utilize medical professionals or criteria in making decisions in internal or external appeals regarding coverage for care by religious nonmedical providers; or

(4) Compel an enrollee to undergo a medical examination or test as a condition of receiving coverage for treatment by a religious nonmedical provider; or [1999, c. 742, §17 (NEW) .]

C. Require a carrier to exclude religious nonmedical providers because the providers do not provide medical or other required data, if such data is inconsistent with the religious nonmedical treatment or nursing care provided by the provider. [1999, c. 742, §17 (NEW) .]

[ 1999, c. 742, §17 (NEW) .]

### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 742, §§16,17 (AMD) .

## 24-A §4308. INDEMNIFICATION

### 1. Indemnification.

[ 1999, c. 742, §18 (RP) .]

A contract between a carrier offering or renewing a health plan and a provider for the provision of services to enrollees may not require the provider to indemnify the carrier for any expenses and liabilities, including, without limitation, judgments, settlements, attorney's fees, court costs and any associated charges incurred in connection with a claim or action brought against the health plan based on the carrier's own fault. Nothing in this section may be construed to remove responsibility of a carrier or provider for expenses or liabilities caused by the carrier's or provider's own negligent acts or omissions or intentional misconduct. [2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §16 (AMD).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF). 1999, c. 742, §18 (RPR). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §16 (AMD).

## 24-A §4309. ADOPTION OF RULES

The superintendent shall adopt rules and establish standards for health plans in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this chapter are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. [1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §1 (NEW); 1995, c. 673, Pt. C, §2 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1995, c. 673, §C1 (NEW). 1995, c. 673, §C2 (AFF).

## 24-A §4310. ACCESS TO CLINICAL TRIALS

**1. Qualified enrollee.** An enrollee is eligible for coverage for participation in an approved clinical trial if the enrollee meets the following conditions:

- A. The enrollee has a life-threatening illness for which no standard treatment is effective; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]
- B. The enrollee is eligible to participate according to the clinical trial protocol with respect to treatment of such illness; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]
- C. The enrollee's participation in the trial offers meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit to the enrollee; and [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]
- D. The enrollee's referring physician has concluded that the enrollee's participation in such a trial would be appropriate based upon the satisfaction of the conditions in paragraphs A, B and C. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**2. Coverage.** A carrier may not deny a qualified enrollee participation in an approved clinical trial or deny, limit or impose additional conditions on the coverage of routine patient costs for items and services furnished in connection with participation in the clinical trial. For the purposes of this section, "routine patient costs" does not include the costs of the tests or measurements conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical trial involved.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**3. Payment.** A carrier shall provide payment for routine patient costs but is not required to pay for costs of items and services that are reasonably expected to be paid for by the sponsors of an approved clinical trial. In the case of covered items and services, the carrier shall pay participating providers at the agreed upon rate and pay nonparticipating providers at the same rate the carrier would pay for comparable services performed by participating providers.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**4. Approved clinical trial.** For the purposes of this section, "approved clinical trial" means a clinical research study or clinical investigation approved and funded by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health or a cooperative group or center of the National Institutes of Health.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**5. Application.** The requirements of this section apply to all individual and group policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this State. For purposes of this section, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next yearly anniversary of the contract date.

[ 2003, c. 517, Pt. B, §31 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW). 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF). 2003, c. 517, §B31 (AMD).

## 24-A §4311. ACCESS TO PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

**1. Formulary.** If a health plan provides coverage for prescription drugs but the coverage limits such benefits to drugs included in a formulary, a carrier shall:

A. Ensure participation of participating physicians and pharmacists in the development of the formulary; and [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]

B. Provide exceptions to the formulary limitation when a nonformulary alternative is medically indicated, consistent with the utilization review standards in section 4304. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**2. Coverage of approved drugs and medical devices.** A carrier that provides coverage for prescription drugs and medical devices may not deny coverage of a prescribed drug or medical device on the basis that the use of the drug or device is investigational if the intended use of the drug or device is included in the labeling authorized by the federal Food and Drug Administration or if the use of the drug or device is recognized in one of the standard reference compendia or in peer-reviewed medical literature.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**3. Construction.** This section may not be construed to require a carrier to provide coverage of prescription drugs or medical devices.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW); 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF) .]

**4. Application.** The requirements of this section apply to all individual and group policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this State. For purposes of this section, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next yearly anniversary of the contract date.

[ 2003, c. 517, Pt. B, §32 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW). 1999, c. 742, §21 (AFF). 2003, c. 517, §B32 (AMD).

## 24-A §4312. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL REVIEW

An enrollee has the right to an independent external review of a carrier's adverse health care treatment decision made by or on behalf of a carrier offering or renewing a health plan in accordance with the requirements of this section. An enrollee's failure to obtain authorization prior to receiving an otherwise covered service may not preclude an enrollee from exercising the enrollee's rights under this section.

[2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §17 (AMD).]

**1. Request for external review.** An enrollee or the enrollee's authorized representative shall make a written request for external review of an adverse health care treatment decision to the bureau. Except as provided in subsection 2, an enrollee may not make a request for external review until the enrollee has exhausted all levels of a carrier's internal grievance procedure. A request for external review must be made within 12 months of the date an enrollee has received a final adverse health care treatment decision under a carrier's internal grievance procedure. An enrollee may not be required to pay any filing fee as a condition of processing a request for external review.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**2. Expedited request for external review.** An enrollee or an enrollee's authorized representative is not required to exhaust all levels of a carrier's internal grievance procedure before filing a request for external review if:

A. The carrier has failed to make a decision on an internal grievance within the time period required; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

B. The carrier and the enrollee mutually agree to bypass the internal grievance procedure; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

C. The life or health of the enrollee is in serious jeopardy; or [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

D. The enrollee has died. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**3. Notice to enrollees.** A carrier shall notify an enrollee of the enrollee's right to request an external review in large type and easy-to-read language in a conspicuous location on the written notice of an adverse health care treatment decision. The notice must include:

A. A description of the external review procedure and the requirements for making a request for external review; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

B. A statement informing an enrollee how to request assistance in filing a request for external review from the carrier; [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

C. A statement informing an enrollee of the right to attend the external review, submit and obtain supporting material relating to the adverse health care treatment decision under review, ask questions of any representative of the carrier and have outside assistance; and [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

D. A statement informing an enrollee of the right to seek assistance or file a complaint with the bureau and the toll-free number of the bureau. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**4. Independent external review; bureau oversight.** The bureau shall oversee the external review process required under this section and shall contract with approved independent review organizations to conduct an external review and render an external review decision. At a minimum, an independent review organization approved by the bureau shall ensure the selection of qualified and impartial reviewers who are clinical peers with respect to the adverse health care treatment decision under review and who have no professional, familial or financial conflict of interest relating to a carrier, enrollee, enrollee's authorized representative or health care provider involved in the external review.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**5. Independent external review decision; timelines.** An external review decision must be made in accordance with the following requirements.

A. In rendering an external review decision, the independent review organization must give consideration to the appropriateness of the requested covered service based on the following:

- (1) All relevant clinical information relating to the enrollee's physical and mental condition, including any competing clinical information;
- (2) Any concerns expressed by the enrollee concerning the enrollee's health status; and
- (3) All relevant clinical standards and guidelines, including, but not limited to, those standards and guidelines relied upon by the carrier or the carrier's utilization review entity. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

B. An external review decision must be issued in writing and must be based on the evidence presented by the carrier and the enrollee or the enrollee's authorized representative. An enrollee may submit and obtain evidence relating to the adverse health care treatment decision under review, attend the external review, ask questions of any representative of the carrier present at the external review and use outside assistance during the review process at the enrollee's own expense. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

C. Except as provided in paragraph D, an external review decision must be rendered by an independent review organization within 30 days of receipt of a completed request for external review from the bureau. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

D. An external review decision must be made as expeditiously as an enrollee's medical condition requires but in no event more than 72 hours after receipt of a completed request for external review if the time frame for review required under paragraph C would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the enrollee or would jeopardize the enrollee's ability to regain maximum function. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

E. The carrier shall provide auxiliary telecommunications devices or qualified interpreter services by a person proficient in American Sign Language when requested by an enrollee who is deaf or hard-of-hearing or printed materials in an accessible format, including Braille, large-print materials, computer diskette, audio cassette or a reader when requested by an enrollee who is visually impaired to allow the enrollee to exercise the enrollee's right to an external review under this section. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**6. Binding nature of decision.** An external review decision is binding on the carrier. An enrollee or the enrollee's authorized representative may not file a request for a subsequent external review involving the same adverse health care treatment decision for which the enrollee has already received an external review decision pursuant to this section. An external review decision made under this section is not considered final agency action pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**7. Funding.** A carrier against which a request for external review has been filed shall pay the cost of the independent external review to the bureau.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**8. Rules.** The bureau may adopt rules necessary to carry out the requirements of this section, including, without limitation, criteria for determining when multiple denials of benefits to the same enrollee for the same or similar reasons are considered the same adverse health care treatment decision. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 4309, rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**9. Rights.** This section may not be construed to remove or limit any legal rights or remedies of an enrollee or other person under state or federal law, including the right to file judicial actions to enforce rights.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

**10. Applicability.** Decisions relating to the following health care services are subject to review pursuant to other review processes provided by applicable federal or state law and may not be reviewed pursuant to this section:

A. Health care services provided through Medicaid, Medicare, Title XXI of the Social Security Act or services provided under these programs through contracted health care providers; [ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

B. Health care services provided to inmates by the Department of Corrections; or [ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

C. Health care services provided pursuant to a health plan not subject to regulation by the State. [ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §17 (AMD).

## 24-A §4313. CARRIER LIABILITY; CAUSE OF ACTION

**1. Duty of ordinary care; cause of action.** An enrollee may maintain a cause of action against a carrier offering or renewing a health plan in accordance with the following.

A. A carrier has the duty to exercise ordinary care when making health care treatment decisions that affect the quality of the diagnosis, care or treatment provided to an enrollee and is liable for damages as provided in this section for harm to an enrollee proximately caused by the failure of the carrier or its agents to exercise such ordinary care. [ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) . ]

B. A carrier is also liable for damages as provided in this section for harm to an enrollee proximately caused by the health care treatment decisions made by its agents who are acting on the carrier's behalf and over whom the carrier exercised control or influence in the health care treatment decisions that result in the failure to exercise ordinary care. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §18 (AMD) .]

**2. Exhaustion of internal and external review.** An enrollee may not maintain a cause of action under this section unless the enrollee or the enrollee's representative:

A. Has exhausted all levels of the carrier's internal grievance procedure in accordance with this chapter; and [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

B. Has completed the independent external review process required under section 4312. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**3. Limitation on cause of action.** An action under this section must be initiated within 3 years from the earlier of the date of issuance of the written external review decision under section 4312 or the date of issuance of the underlying adverse first-level appeal or first-level grievance determination notice.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**4. Jurisdiction; notice and filing.** The Superior Court has original jurisdiction over a cause of action under this section. The requirements for notice and filing of a cause of action under this section are governed by the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**5. Corporate practice of medicine.** Section 4222, subsection 3 or any other law in this State prohibiting a carrier from practicing medicine or being licensed to practice medicine may not be asserted as a defense by a carrier in any action brought pursuant to this section.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**6. No obligation for benefits.** This section does not create any obligation on the part of a carrier to provide an enrollee any health care treatment or service that is not covered by the enrollee's health plan policy or contract.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**7. Admissibility of external review decision.** An external review decision is admissible in an action under this section.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**8. Affirmative defense.** It is an affirmative defense to any action asserted against a carrier under this section that the carrier or any agent for whose conduct the carrier is liable did not control, influence or participate in the health care treatment decision.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**9. Damages.** In a cause of action under this section, the award of damages must be made in accordance with this subsection.

A. Actual or compensatory damages may be awarded. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

B. Noneconomic damages awarded may not exceed \$400,000. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

C. Punitive damages may not be awarded. [1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**10. Professional negligence.** This section does not create any new or additional liability on the part of a carrier for harm caused to an enrollee that is attributable to the professional negligence of a treating physician or other health care practitioner.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**11. Employer liability.** This section does not create any liability on the part of an employer that assumes risk on behalf of its employees or an employer group purchasing organization.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**12. Exemption.** This section does not apply to workers' compensation, medical malpractice, fidelity, suretyship, boiler and machinery, property or casualty insurance.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**13. Limitation on remedy.** The cause of action under this section is the sole and exclusive private remedy under state law for an enrollee against a carrier for its health care treatment decisions that affect the quality of the diagnosis, care or treatment provided to an enrollee, except that this subsection may not be construed to prohibit an enrollee or an enrollee's authorized representative from seeking other remedies specifically available under other provisions of this Title.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

**14. Wrongful death action.** Notwithstanding subsection 13, an enrollee or an enrollee's authorized representative may bring a cause of action against a carrier for its health care treatment decisions to seek a remedy under either this section or under Title 18-A, section 2-804, but may not seek remedies under both this section and Title 18-A, section 2-804.

[ 1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 742, §19 (NEW). 2007, c. 199, Pt. B, §18 (AMD).

## 24-A §4314. ACCESS TO EYE CARE PROVIDERS

**1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Eye care provider" means a participating provider who is an optometrist licensed to practice optometry pursuant to Title 32, chapter 34-A, or an ophthalmologist licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Title 32, chapter 48. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

B. "Eye care services" means those urgent health care services related to the examination, diagnosis, treatment and management of conditions, illnesses and diseases of the eye and related structures that are provided to treat conditions, illnesses or diseases of the eye that if not treated within 24 hours present a serious risk of harm. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

[ 2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF) .]

**2. Coverage of eye care services.** A carrier that provides coverage for eye care services as part of a health plan shall provide coverage for eye care services in accordance with the following.

A. An enrollee may receive eye care services from an eye care provider participating in the enrollee's health plan without the prior approval or authorization of the enrollee's primary care provider for a maximum of 2 visits, one initial visit and one follow-up visit, for each occurrence requiring urgent care as described in subsection 1, paragraph B. A carrier may not retrospectively deny coverage under this section on the basis that the eye care services received by the enrollee did not meet the requirements of subsection 1, paragraph B. In order to receive continuing benefits for treatment related to the initial visit, an enrollee must receive the approval of the enrollee's primary care provider for any visit after the 2nd visit. Within 3 working days of the initial visit, the eye care provider shall send to the enrollee's primary care provider a report containing the enrollee's complaint, related history, examination results, initial diagnosis and recommendations for treatment. If the eye care provider does not send a report to the primary care provider within 3 working days, the carrier is not obligated to provide benefits for the self-referred visits under this paragraph and the enrollee is not liable to the eye care provider for any unpaid fees. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

B. A carrier shall ensure that all eye care providers participating in the carrier's health plans are included on any publicly accessible list of participating providers for the carrier. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

C. A carrier shall allow each eye care provider participating in the carrier's health plans to furnish covered eye care services to enrollees without discrimination between classes of eye care providers and to provide the eye care services permitted by the eye care provider's license. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

[ 2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF) .]

**3. Prohibitions.** A carrier may not:

A. Impose a deductible or coinsurance for eye care services that is greater than the deductible or coinsurance imposed for other health care services under a health plan; or [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

B. Require an eye care provider to hold hospital privileges as a condition of participation as a provider under a health plan. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

[ 2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF) .]

**4. Construction.** This section may not be construed as:

A. Requiring coverage for routine eye examinations; [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

B. Creating coverage for any health care service that is not otherwise covered under the terms of a health plan; [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

C. Requiring a carrier to include as a participating provider every willing provider or health care professional who meets the terms and conditions of a health plan; [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

D. Preventing an enrollee from seeking eye care services from the enrollee's primary care provider in accordance with the terms of the enrollee's health plan; [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

E. Increasing or decreasing the scope of practice of optometry or ophthalmology as defined in Title 32; [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

F. Requiring eye care services to be provided in a hospital or similar health care facility; or [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF).]

G. Notwithstanding the definition of eye care services in subsection 1, paragraph B, prohibiting a carrier from requiring an enrollee to receive prior approval or authorization from a primary care provider for any subsequent surgical procedures. [2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF) .]

[ 2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW); 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF) .]

**5. Application.** The requirements of this section apply to all individual and group policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this State. For purposes of this section, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next yearly anniversary of the contract date.

[ 2003, c. 517, Pt. B, §33 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 408, §1 (NEW). 2001, c. 408, §2 (AFF). 2003, c. 517, §B33 (AMD).

## 24-A §4315. COVERAGE OF PROSTHETIC DEVICES

**1. Definition.** As used in this section, "prosthetic device" means an artificial device to replace, in whole or in part, an arm or a leg.

[ 2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF) .]

**2. Required coverage.** A carrier shall provide coverage for prosthetic devices in all health plans that, at a minimum, equals, except as provided in subsection 8, the coverage and payment for prosthetic devices provided under federal laws and regulations for the aged and disabled pursuant to 42 United States Code, Sections 1395k, 1395l and 1395m and 42 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 414.202, 414.210, 414.228 and 410.100. Covered benefits must be provided for a prosthetic device determined by the enrollee's provider, in accordance with section 4301-A, subsection 10-A, to be the most appropriate model that adequately meets the medical needs of the enrollee.

[ 2003, c. 688, Pt. I, §1 (AMD) .]

**3. Prior authorization.** A carrier may require prior authorization for prosthetic devices in the same manner as prior authorization is required for any other covered benefit.

[ 2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF) .]

**4. Repair or replacement.** Coverage under this section must also be provided for repair or replacement of a prosthetic device if repair or replacement is determined appropriate by the enrollee's provider.

[ 2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF) .]

**5. Coverage under managed care plan.** If coverage under this section is provided through a managed care plan, a carrier may require that prosthetic services be rendered by a provider who contracts with the carrier and that a prosthetic device be provided by a vendor designated by the carrier.

[ 2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF) .]

**6. Exclusions.** Coverage is not required pursuant to this section for a prosthetic device that contains a microprocessor or that is designed exclusively for athletic purposes.

[ 2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW); 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF) .]

**7. Application.** The requirements of this section apply to all individual and group policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this State. For purposes of this section, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next yearly anniversary of the contract date.

[ 2003, c. 517, Pt. B, §34 (NEW) .]

**8. Health savings accounts.** Benefits for prosthetic devices under health plans issued for use in connection with health savings accounts as authorized under Title XII of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 may be subject to the same deductibles and out-of-pocket limits that apply to overall benefits under the contract.

[ 2003, c. 688, Pt. I, §2 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

2003, c. 459, §1 (NEW). 2003, c. 517, §B34 (AMD). 2003, c. 688, §§11,2 (AMD). 2003, c. 459, §2 (AFF).

## 24-A §4316. COVERAGE FOR TELEMEDICINE SERVICES

**1. Definition.** For the purposes of this section, "telemedicine," as it pertains to the delivery of health care services, means the use of interactive audio, video or other electronic media for the purpose of diagnosis, consultation or treatment. "Telemedicine" does not include the use of audio-only telephone, facsimile machine or e-mail.

[ 2009, c. 169, §1 (NEW) .]

**2. Coverage of telemedicine services.** A carrier offering a health plan in this State may not deny coverage on the basis that the coverage is provided through telemedicine if the health care service would be covered were it provided through in-person consultation between the covered person and a health care provider. Coverage for health care services provided through telemedicine must be determined in a manner consistent with coverage for health care services provided through in-person consultation. A carrier may offer a health plan containing a provision for a deductible, copayment or coinsurance requirement for a health care service provided through telemedicine as long as the deductible, copayment or coinsurance does not exceed the deductible, copayment or coinsurance applicable to an in-person consultation.

[ 2009, c. 169, §1 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

2009, c. 169, §1 (NEW).

### Subchapter 2: CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION HEADING: PL 1997, C. 792, §3 (NEW)

## 24-A §4321. CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION

**1. Division established.** The Consumer Health Care Division, referred to in this section as the "division," is established within the Bureau of Insurance. The division shall work in coordination with other bureau sections and staff to accomplish the duties set forth in subsection 4.

[ 1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW) .]

**2. Director.** The Director of the Consumer Health Care Division, referred to in this section as the "director," is the head of the Consumer Health Care Division. The director is appointed by the superintendent and is subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Professional and Financial Regulation. The director is subject to the Civil Service Law.

[ 2005, c. 294, §23 (AMD) . ]

**3. Staff.** The superintendent may hire or assign personnel as determined necessary to perform the duties of the division subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Professional and Financial Regulation and subject to the Civil Service Law. The personnel are supervised by the director in consultation with the superintendent. The qualifications of those personnel must reflect the needs and responsibilities relating to the division's duties under this subchapter.

[ 1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW) . ]

**4. Duties.** The duties of the division include:

A. Providing access to the division through a toll-free number; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

B. Providing information to consumers regarding health care plan options and obtaining health care coverage and services. The division may not make any specific recommendations regarding commercially offered products; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

C. Assisting enrollees to understand their rights and responsibilities under health care plans; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

D. Providing information to consumers on health care plan performance by distributing materials and utilizing existing resources relating to health care plan performance; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

E. Providing assistance to enrollees with complaints relating to health care plans, when appropriate. The division may assist enrollees with quality-of-care complaints by coordinating with the appropriate state health professional licensing boards and other appropriate state and federal oversight bodies with authority over quality-of-care complaints. The division shall defer any issues of professional competence to the appropriate state health professional licensing boards; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

F. Collecting and disseminating information regarding health care plans, quality assurance programs and quality improvement and coordinating information with other public entities or agencies involved in the delivery, funding or regulation of health care; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

G. Acting as an information resource in the development of policies and programs that protect consumer interests and rights under health care plans by:

(1) Analyzing, evaluating and monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state and local laws, regulations, rules and other governmental policies and actions that pertain to the health, safety, welfare and rights of health care consumers; and

(2) Identifying practices and policies that may affect access to quality health care, including, but not limited to, practices relating to marketing of health care plans and accessibility of services and resources for under-served areas and vulnerable populations. The division may refer these issues to the appropriate state or federal regulatory agency with jurisdiction over these practices and policies; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

H. Promoting coordination between the division and other organizations that assist consumers, including, but not limited to, legal assistance providers serving low-income health care consumers and other health care consumers, health insurance counseling assistance programs, the long-term care ombudsman program pursuant to Title 22, section 5106, subsection 11-C and assistance programs for individuals with disabilities established under federal or state law; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). ]

I. Collecting and disseminating information regarding the activities of the division; [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW).]

J. Submitting an annual report by January 1st of each year to the Commissioner of Professional and Financial Regulation, the Consumer Health Care Division Advisory Council and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over insurance matters describing the activities carried out by the division in the year for which the report is prepared, analyzing the data available to the division and evaluating the problems experienced by consumers; and [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW).]

K. Performing other duties as the superintendent may prescribe. [1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW).]

[ 1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). 2005, c. 294, §23 (AMD).

### **24-A §4322. CONSUMER HEALTH CARE DIVISION ADVISORY COUNCIL (REPEALED)**

#### SECTION HISTORY

1997, c. 792, §3 (NEW). 2003, c. 689, §B7 (REV). 2005, c. 294, §24 (RP).

### Subchapter 3: DOWNSTREAM RISK HEADING: PL 1999, C. 609, §20 (NEW)

### **24-A §4331. DEFINITIONS**

As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

**1. Bonus.** "Bonus" means a payment a carrier makes to a downstream entity beyond any salary, fee-for-service payment, capitation or returned withhold.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**2. Capitation.** "Capitation" means a set dollar payment per patient per unit of time, usually per month, that a carrier pays a health care practitioner, institutional provider or downstream entity to cover a specified set of services and administrative costs without regard to the actual number or nature of services provided. The services covered may include the downstream entity's own services, referral services or all medical services.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**3. Downstream entity.** "Downstream entity" means a person other than a carrier that has assumed all or part of the insurance risk of one or more health plans under a contractual relationship with a carrier or another downstream entity. An employer exempt from the applicability of this chapter under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 United States Code, Sections 1001 to 1461 (1988) is not considered a downstream entity.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**4. Downstream risk arrangement.** "Downstream risk arrangement" means an arrangement that transfers insurance risk from a carrier to a downstream entity.

[ 2003, c. 428, Pt. H, §6 (AMD) .]

**5. Payments.** "Payments" means any amounts the carrier pays the downstream entity for services the downstream entity furnishes directly, plus amounts paid for administration and amounts paid in whole or in part based on use and costs of referral services such as withhold amounts, bonuses based on referral levels and any other compensation to the downstream entity to influence the use of referral services. Bonuses and other compensation that are not based on referral levels, such as bonuses based solely on quality of care furnished, patient satisfaction and participation on committees, are not considered payments for purposes of this subchapter.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**6. Physician group.** "Physician group" means a partnership, association, corporation, individual practice association or other group of physicians that distributes income from the practice among members. An individual practice association is a physician group only if the association is composed of individual physicians and has no subcontracts with physician groups.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**7. Potential payments.** "Potential payments" means the maximum anticipated total amount, based on the most recent year's utilization and experience and any current or anticipated factors that may affect costs, to be paid for a defined set of referral services for the carrier's subscribers and for which the downstream entity assumes by contract financial risk, to some extent, for the costs of such services. The methodology for determining potential payments must be filed by the carrier with the bureau.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**8. Referral services.** "Referral services" means any specialty, inpatient, outpatient or laboratory services that a downstream entity orders or arranges, but does not furnish directly.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**9. Risk-sharing arrangement.** "Risk-sharing arrangement" means an arrangement between a carrier and a downstream entity in which the carrier continues to pay providers for a defined set of services subject to an annual reconciliation process in which costs incurred by the carrier are compared with budgeted or targeted amounts for such services and that may, if payments are different than the budgeted amount, create financial liability of the downstream entity to the carrier or the carrier to the downstream entity provided the carrier holds or retains control of any funds in excess of those required to satisfy current claims obligations or direct payment to providers for services rendered pending reconciliation.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**10. Risk threshold.** "Risk threshold" means the maximum risk, if the risk is based on referral services, to which a downstream entity may be exposed under a downstream risk arrangement without being at substantial financial risk.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**11. Withhold.** "Withhold" means a percentage of payments or set dollar amounts that a carrier deducts from a downstream entity's service fee, capitation or salary payment and that may or may not be returned to the downstream entity, depending on specific predetermined factors.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW). 2003, c. 428, §H6 (AMD).

## 24-A §4332. SAFE HARBOR AND WAIVER

**1. Authority for safe harbor.** Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Title or Title 24, including, without limitation, sections 4341 and 4342, an arrangement between a carrier and a downstream entity with which the carrier has contracted to provide or arrange for the provision of services that allows the downstream entity to accept a limited degree of insurance risk is permitted and such a risk arrangement is deemed not to be engaging in the business of insurance by the downstream entity if:

A. The arrangement does not involve substantial insurance risk or substantial enrollment risk as described in section 4334; and [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

B. The arrangement meets the requirements of sections 4335 and 4336. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

### **2. Waiver for downstream risk arrangements that exceed risk threshold described in section 4334.**

Carriers and downstream entities that wish to develop downstream risk arrangements that exceed the risk threshold described in section 4334 may jointly request that the superintendent grant a waiver that allows the downstream entity to accept a limited degree of insurance risk without being licensed as an insurer, a health maintenance organization or an insurance administrator. The joint request for a waiver must include a plan for managing financial exposure, based upon reasonable enrollment and utilization projections and upon the contracts, parties and features proposed, sufficient to quantify in dollars per quarter and per annum all elements of downstream risk to be assumed by the downstream entity. All other risk arrangements are prohibited unless the arrangements meet the appropriate licensing standards or are expressly permitted by the superintendent.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**3. Continuing obligation to subscribers.** A carrier contracting with a downstream entity remains obligated to its subscribers for the delivery of health care benefits consistent with existing state law. The carrier remains responsible for compliance with all applicable laws.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**4. Certain incentives prohibited.** A downstream risk arrangement may not contain incentives for the downstream entity or participating provider to limit or deny medically necessary care to enrollees.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**5. Requirements still applicable.** The application of the safe harbor provisions in subsection 1 or a waiver of licensing requirements granted pursuant to this section does not exempt the downstream entity from any other licensure or prior approval requirements applicable to activities conducted by the downstream entity, including, but not limited to, utilization review licensure, insurance administrator licensure or preferred provider arrangement registration.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

## 24-A §4333. REQUIREMENTS FOR DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS

**1. Permissible downstream risk arrangements.** Downstream entities that do not exceed the risk threshold described in section 4334 may enter into downstream risk arrangements only if:

A. The requirements of section 4332, subsection 1 and sections 4335 and 4336 are met; and [ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

B. No specific payment is made directly or indirectly under the plan to a provider as an inducement to reduce or limit medically necessary services furnished to an enrollee. [ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Prohibited downstream risk payments.** A specific payment of any kind may not be made directly or indirectly under the incentive plan to a downstream entity as an inducement to reduce or limit covered medically necessary services under the carrier's contract furnished to an enrollee. Indirect payments include offerings of monetary value such as stock options or waivers of debt measured in the present or future.

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

**3. Applicability.** This section applies to risk arrangements between carriers and downstream entities with which they contract to provide medical services to enrollees. This section also applies to subcontracting arrangements.

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) .

## 24-A §4334. SUBSTANTIAL INSURANCE RISK; SUBSTANTIAL ENROLLMENT RISK

**1. Substantial insurance risk.** Substantial insurance risk is risk based on the use or costs of referral services only, when the downstream entity is at risk for more than 25% of potential payments by the carrier to the downstream entity.

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Substantial enrollment risk.** Substantial enrollment risk exists when a carrier enters into a risk arrangement with a downstream entity involving more than 25% of the enrollees served by the carrier in the State unless the risk arrangement is a risk-sharing arrangement.

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) .

## 24-A §4335. CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

Full copies of contracts and summary descriptions of contracts must be provided to the superintendent. The following provisions must be included in contracts between a carrier and a downstream entity: [ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

**1. Enrollee not liable.** A provision in all relevant contracts between a carrier and a downstream entity or between a downstream entity and a participating provider of health care services stating that if the carrier fails to pay for health care services as set forth in the contract, the enrollee may not be liable to the provider for any sums owed by the carrier;

[ 1999 , c. 609 , §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Maintenance of books, accounts and records.** A provision for the maintenance of books, accounts and records by the downstream entity and the carrier to verify that transactions, including the risk transfer, are clearly, accurately and completely recorded, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and disclosed in writing;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**3. Prohibition on assignment of rights or obligations.** A provision prohibiting the assignment of any rights or obligations under the contract in the absence of the consent of the carrier;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**4. Right to object to subcontractor.** A provision granting the carrier the right to be advised of and the right to object to any subcontractor with whom the downstream entity proposes to contract with respect to services required to be performed by the downstream entity under its contract with the carrier;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**5. Termination of contract.** A provision for the termination of the contract, including the right to immediately terminate the contract upon a valid order issued by the superintendent or another lawful authority;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**6. Compliance with utilization review laws, rules and licensing requirements.** A provision requiring the downstream entity to comply with utilization review laws, rules and licensing requirements appropriate to the functions the downstream entity has contracted to undertake on behalf of the carrier;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**7. Ability to perform.** A provision requiring the downstream entity to advise the carrier in a timely manner of relevant matters that may have a material effect on the downstream entity's ability to perform under the contract, including, but not limited to:

A. Whether the downstream entity or participating provider is subject to an administrative order, a cease and desist order, a fine or a license suspension; and [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

B. Whether legal action has been taken that may have a material effect on the downstream entity's financial condition or the downstream entity's ability to perform under the contract; and [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**8. Incorporation by reference.** A provision requiring the contract between a carrier and a downstream entity to be attached to all contracts between the downstream entity and those of the entity's participating providers contractually obligated to provide services to the carrier's enrollees under the contract between the carrier and the downstream entity.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .

## 24-A §4336. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR ORGANIZATIONS WITH DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS

**1. Disclosure to superintendent.** Each carrier shall provide information concerning the carrier's downstream risk arrangements as required or requested by the superintendent. The disclosure must contain the following information in sufficient detail to enable the superintendent to determine whether the risk arrangement complies with the following requirements:

A. Whether services not furnished by the downstream entity are covered by the risk arrangement. If the services furnished by the downstream entity are covered by the risk arrangement, disclosure of other aspects of the plan need not be made; [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

B. The type of risk arrangement; for example, withhold, bonus, capitation; [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

C. If the risk arrangement involves a withhold or bonus, the percent of the withhold or bonus; [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

D. The panel size, the number of enrollees covered by the downstream entity and the total number of enrollees covered by the carrier in the State; and [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

E. In the case of capitated downstream entities, capitation payments paid to primary care providers for the most recent year broken down by percent for primary care services, referral services to specialists, hospital services and other types of provider services, including, but not limited to, nursing home and home health agency services. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**2. Annual disclosure.** A carrier shall provide this information to the superintendent at least annually. A carrier shall provide the capitation data required under subsection 1 for the previous calendar year to the superintendent by April 1st of each year.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**3. Disclosure to enrollees.** A carrier shall provide the following information to any enrollee upon request:

A. Whether the prepaid plan uses a downstream risk arrangement that affects the use of referral services; and [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

B. The type of risk arrangement. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

## 24-A §4337. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO SUBCONTRACTING ARRANGEMENTS

**1. Physician groups.** A carrier that contracts with a downstream entity that places the individual physician members at substantial financial risk for services they do not furnish shall disclose to the superintendent any incentive plan between the downstream entity and the entity's individual physicians that bases compensation to the physician on the use or cost of services furnished to enrollees. The disclosure must include the information specified in section 4336, subsection 1.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .]

**2. Intermediate entities.** A carrier that contracts with a downstream entity, other than a physician group, for the provision of services to enrollees shall disclose to the superintendent any risk arrangement between the entity and a physician or physician group that bases compensation to the physician or physician group on the use or cost of services furnished to enrollees. The disclosure must include the information required to be disclosed under section 4336, subsection 1.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**3. Sanctions against the carrier.** The superintendent may apply intermediate sanctions if the superintendent determines that a carrier fails to comply with the requirements of this section.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

### **24-A §4338. DOWNSTREAM RISK ARRANGEMENTS THAT EXCEED RISK THRESHOLD DESCRIBED IN SECTION 4334**

The superintendent may waive downstream risk arrangements from licensure requirements that exceed the risk threshold described in section 4334 if the downstream risk arrangement meets the contractual and disclosure requirements established under section 4332 and the criteria set forth in sections 4339 to 4342 and is determined by the superintendent not to prejudice enrollee interests. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

### **24-A §4339. CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS TO DEMONSTRATE FINANCIAL VIABILITY**

If a carrier applies for a waiver under section 4332, subsection 2, the carrier may demonstrate the financial viability and condition of the downstream entity through the terms of the contract, including one or more of the following: [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**1. Books, accounts and records.** A contractual provision authorizing the carrier to access the downstream entity's books, accounts and records according to terms and conditions on which the carrier and the downstream entity agree;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Financial statements.** A contractual provision requiring the downstream entity to provide to the carrier interim unaudited financial statements on a regular and ongoing basis as well as an annual financial statement, accompanied by a certified public accountant's opinion, appropriate to the magnitude of risk involved;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**3. Reserves.** A contractual provision authorizing the carrier to receive information regarding the downstream entity's reserves;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**4. Letter of credit.** A contractual provision requiring the downstream entity to post a letter of credit or other acceptable financial security;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**5. Fees.** A contractual provision under which the carrier withholds fees payable to the downstream entity or to the providers for which it acts;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**6. General liability insurance.** A contractual provision requiring the downstream entity to carry general liability insurance and requiring participating providers to carry professional liability insurance in an amount and from an insurer mutually acceptable to the carrier and the downstream entity;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**7. Surety bond.** A contractual provision requiring the downstream entity to secure a surety bond to cover the downstream entity's performance under the contract; or

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**8. Excess of loss insurance.** A contractual provision requiring the downstream entity to secure excess of loss insurance or reinsurance in an amount and from an insurer mutually acceptable to the carrier and the downstream entity.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

## 24-A §4340. FINANCIAL VIABILITY

Each carrier and downstream entity requesting a waiver shall file with the superintendent a plan for managing financial exposure under those downstream risk arrangement contracts and thereafter operate in substantial conformance with the terms of that plan and of the corresponding waiver. At least 60 days before any material change in a filed and approved exposure management plan, the carrier and downstream entity shall file for the superintendent's review and approval a modified plan, along with any changes in related contracts. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).

## 24-A §4341. LIMITATIONS ON PREMIUM TRANSFER

The superintendent may deny a request for waiver based on any of the following characteristics: [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW).]

**1. Transfer of 30% of annual aggregate premium.** A contract by which 30% or more of the carrier's annual aggregate premium with respect to a contract, plan or product is transferred to a single downstream entity. This transfer is the sum of capitated payments plus the sum of amounts returnable to the carrier through incentive payments or other risk adjustments; or

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Transfer of 75% of annual aggregate premium.** Multiple contracts by which 75% or more of the carrier's annual aggregate premium with respect to a contract, plan or product is transferred to one or more downstream entities. This transfer is the sum of capitated payments plus the sum of amounts returnable to the carrier through incentive payments or other risk adjustments.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .

## 24-A §4342. RELATED PROVISIONS

The superintendent may deny a request for waiver based on any of the following characteristics:

[1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**1. Carrier controlled.** An arrangement with a downstream entity that has control of the carrier. "Control" has the same meaning as defined in section 222, subsection 2, paragraph B;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**2. Transfer of claims processing, payment or adjudication.** An arrangement by which the claims processing, claims payment or claims adjudication functions are transferred to the downstream entity from the carrier. This section may not be construed to authorize the superintendent to deny a request based on the transfer of utilization review functions from the carrier to the downstream entity;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**3. Transfer of managerial control.** An arrangement by which managerial control of the carrier's information system is transferred to the downstream entity;

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**4. Overlap between officers or directors.** An arrangement in which there is overlap between the officers or directors of the downstream entity and the carrier; or

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

**5. Transfer of more than 1/12 of annual capitated payments.** An arrangement that transfers more than 1/12 of the annual capitated payments at one time to the downstream entity.

[ 1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .

## 24-A §4343. RULES

The superintendent may adopt rules establishing application procedures and specific standards for meeting the requirements pursuant to this subchapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this subchapter are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. [1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) . ]

SECTION HISTORY

1999, c. 609, §20 (NEW) .

The State of Maine claims a copyright in its codified statutes. If you intend to republish this material, we require that you include the following disclaimer in your publication:

*All copyrights and other rights to statutory text are reserved by the State of Maine. The text included in this publication reflects changes made through the First Special Session of the 124th Legislature, and is current through December 31, 2009, but is subject to change without notice. It is a version that has not been officially certified by the Secretary of State. Refer to the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated and supplements for certified text.*

The Office of the Revisor of Statutes also requests that you send us one copy of any statutory publication you may produce. Our goal is not to restrict publishing activity, but to keep track of who is publishing what, to identify any needless duplication and to preserve the State's copyright rights.

PLEASE NOTE: The Revisor's Office cannot perform research for or provide legal advice or interpretation of Maine law to the public. If you need legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.