CHAPTER

JUNE 15, 2013

PUBLIC LAW

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD TWO THOUSAND AND THIRTEEN

S.P. 171 - L.D. 439

An Act To Improve Maine's Charter School Laws

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §2407, sub-§5,** as enacted by PL 2011, c. 414, §5, is amended to read:
- **5. Approval; denial.** No later than 90 days after the <u>deadline set by the authorizer</u> for the filing of an application applications, an authorizer shall decide to approve or deny the render a decision on each application. The authorizer shall make and announce all charter approval or denial decisions in a meeting open to the public.
 - A. An approval decision may include, if appropriate, reasonable conditions that the applicant must meet before a charter contract may be executed.
 - B. If the authorizer denies an application, the authorizer shall clearly state, for public record, its reasons for denial. An applicant may subsequently reapply to that authorizer or apply to any other authorizer in the State.
 - C. Within 10 days of taking action to approve or deny rendering a decision on an application, the authorizer shall report to the commissioner the action it has taken. The authorizer shall provide a copy of the report to the applicant at the same time that the report is submitted to the commissioner.
 - D. The commissioner shall register the charters approved by all chartering authorities in chronological order by date of approval.
 - E. An approved application may not serve as a school's charter contract nor may it be incorporated by reference into the charter contract.
 - F. A decision on an application must be conveyed in writing to the applicant. A decision may grant approval or conditional approval, request resubmission or reject the application and must include written reasons for the decisions.
- **Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §2413, sub-§2, ¶A,** as amended by PL 2011, c. 679, §2, is further amended to read:

- A. For each public charter school student, the school administrative unit in which the student resides must forward the per-pupil allocation to the public charter school attended by the student as follows.
 - (1) The per-pupil allocation amount is the EPS per-pupil rate for the school administrative unit in which the student resides, as calculated pursuant to section 15676, based on the student's grade level and adjusted as appropriate for economic disadvantage and limited English proficiency pursuant to section 15675, subsections 1 and 2. Debt service and capital outlays may not be included in the calculation of these per-pupil allocations. The department shall adopt rules governing how to calculate these per-pupil allocations, including those for eareer and technical education programs, targeted funds for assessment technology and kindergarten to grade 2 programs.
 - (2) For students attending public charter schools, the school administrative unit of residence shall forward the per-pupil allocations described in subparagraph (1) directly to the public charter school attended. These per-pupil allocations must be forwarded to each public charter school on a quarterly basis, as follows. For each fiscal year, allocations must be made in quarterly payments on September 1st, December 1st, March 1st and June 1st. The September payment and December payments must be based on the identity and number of students enrolled or anticipated to be enrolled in the public charter school at the opening of school for that school year, which. The number of students may not exceed the maximum enrollment approved in the charter contract for that year unless a waiver is obtained from the authorizer. In February of the school year, if the number of students is higher or lower than the number of students at the beginning of the school year, adjustments must be made in the June payment, with 50% of the annual per-pupil allocation added for additional students or subtracted if the total number of students is lower. The March and June payments must be based on the identity and number of students enrolled in the public charter school on February 1st.
 - (3) For transportation expenses, the average per-pupil expense in each school administrative unit of residence must be calculated and an amount equal to a proportion, up to but not more than 100%, of that per-pupil allocation amount must be forwarded to the public charter school attended on the same basis as the per-pupil allocations for operating funds. The percentage of that per-pupil expense must be determined by the authorizer of the public charter school and must be based on the cost of transportation services provided by the public charter school to the student.
 - (4) The department shall pay to the public charter school any additional allocation assigned to the public charter school for gifted and talented students pursuant to section 15681-A, subsection 5 in the year in which the allocation is assigned.

A school administrative unit is not required to send funds to a public charter school for a student enrolled in the public charter school's preschool or prekindergarten program if the school administrative unit of the student's residence does not offer that program to its own residents.