An Act Concerning the Dispensation of Naloxone Hydrochloride by Emergency Medical Services Providers

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

Presented by Representative ZAGER of Portland.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1.  22 MRSA §2353, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2017, c. 220, §1, is further amended to read:

3. Authorized administration of naloxone hydrochloride by law enforcement officers, corrections officers, emergency medical services persons, ambulance services, nontransporting emergency medical services and municipal firefighters. A law enforcement agency as defined in Title 25, section 3701, subsection 1, a regional or county jail, a correctional facility as defined in Title 34-A, section 1001, subsection 6, an emergency medical services provider under Title 32, chapter 2-B, an ambulance service as defined in Title 32, section 83, subsection 5, a nontransporting emergency medical service as defined in Title 32, section 83, subsection 14 or a municipal fire department as defined in Title 30-A, section 3151, subsection 1 is authorized to obtain a supply of naloxone hydrochloride to be administered in accordance with this subsection. A law enforcement officer as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 17, in accordance with policies adopted by the law enforcement agency, a corrections officer who possesses a current and valid certificate issued by the Board of Trustees of the Maine Criminal Justice Academy pursuant to Title 25, section 2803-A, in accordance with policies adopted by the jail or correctional facility, an emergency medical services person as defined in Title 32, section 83, subsection 12 who possesses a current and valid license issued by the Medical Direction and Practices Board pursuant to Title 32, section 85, in accordance with policies adopted by the emergency medical services provider, an ambulance service as defined in Title 32, section 83, subsection 5 that possesses a current and valid license issued by the Medical Direction and Practices Board pursuant to Title 32, section 86, in accordance with policies adopted by the nontransporting emergency medical service as defined in Title 32, section 83, subsection 14 that possesses a current and valid license issued by the Medical Direction and Practices Board pursuant to Title 32, section 86, in accordance with policies adopted by the nontransporting emergency medical service, and a municipal firefighter as defined in Title 30-A, section 3151, subsection 2, in accordance with policies adopted by the municipality, may administer intranasal naloxone hydrochloride as clinically indicated if the officer, emergency medical services person, ambulance service, nontransporting emergency medical service or firefighter has received medical training in accordance with protocols adopted by the Medical Direction and Practices Board established in Title 32, section 83, subsection 16-B. The Medical Direction and Practices Board shall establish medical training protocols for law enforcement officers, corrections officers, emergency medical services persons, ambulance services, nontransporting emergency medical services and municipal firefighters pursuant to this subsection.

SUMMARY

This bill authorizes emergency medical services persons, ambulance services and nontransporting emergency medical services to administer intranasal naloxone hydrochloride if they have received medical training in accordance with protocols adopted by the Medical Direction and Practices Board.