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No. 743

H.P. 548

House of Representatives, March 5, 2021

An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Invasive Aquatic Species

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT

R(+ B. Hunt

Clerk

Presented by Representative FAY of Raymond.

2	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §410-N, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 561, §1, is
3	further amended to read:
4 5	B. "Invasive aquatic plant" means a species identified by the department as an invasive aquatic plant or one of the following species:
6 7 8	(1) All Myriophyllum species, including but not limited to variable-leaf water-milfoil, Myriophyllum heterophyllum; Eurasian water milfoil water-milfoil, Myriophyllum spicatum; and parrot feather, Myriophyllum aquaticum;
9	(2) Variable-leaf water milfoil, Myriophyllum heterophyllum;
10	(3) Parrot feather, Myriophyllum aquaticum;
11 12	(4) Water All Trapa species, including but not limited to water chestnut, Trapa natans;
13	(5) Hydrilla, Hydrilla verticillata;
14 15	(6) Fanwort All Cabomba species, including but not limited to fanwort, Cabomba caroliniana;
16	(7) Curly pondweed, Potamogeton crispus;
17	(8) European naiad, Najas minor;
18	(9) Brazilian elodea, Egeria densa;
19	(10) Frogbit, Hydrocharis morsus-ranae; and
20	(11) Yellow floating heart, Nymphoides peltata-;
21	(12) Water soldier, Stratiotes aloides;
22	(13) Giant salvinia, Salvinia molesta;
23	(14) Swollen bladderwort, Utricularia inflata; and
24	(15) Starry stonewort, Nitellopsis obtusa.
25	Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §1865, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 551, §21, is amended to read:
26	§1865. Public water supplies
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	If an infested water body pursuant to section 1864 is a public drinking water supply, public notification by the commissioner and the Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife is required prior to any response action that proposes the use of a chemical control agent. Public notification must include, at a minimum, notification of adjoining municipalities, property owners, drinking water suppliers who use that water supply and other affected persons, and must provide adequate time for public review and comment on the proposed emergency action. Chemical control agents may not be used on a water body that is a public drinking water supply for a regulated community public water system or a regulated nontransient, noncommunity public water system without the prior written consent of each public water supplier from the public water system using that water body.

This bill amends the laws governing aquatic nuisance species control in the following ways.

- 1. It adds new species to the existing list of invasive aquatic plants.
- 2. It changes the consent requirement in order for chemical control agents to be used on a water body that is a water supply from prior written consent of each public water supplier using that water body to prior written consent of a regulated community public water system or a regulated nontransient, noncommunity public water system using that water body.