

## **128th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2017

**Legislative Document** 

No. 431

H.P. 311

House of Representatives, February 7, 2017

An Act To Ensure Participation and Equity in the Shellfish Depuration Certification and Compensation Process for Municipalities

Reference to the Committee on Marine Resources suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative McCREIGHT of Harpswell. Cosponsored by Senator DOW of Lincoln and Representatives: ALLEY of Beals, BLUME of York, DEVIN of Newcastle, RYKERSON of Kittery, TERRY of Gorham, TUCKER of Brunswick, Senators: MIRAMANT of Knox, VITELLI of Sagadahoc.

- 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- 2 Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §6856, sub-§3-D, ¶A-1 is enacted to read:

A-1. When the commissioner determines that a municipal area is appropriate for depuration certification under this subsection, the commissioner shall, at least 3 working days prior to granting the depuration certificate to the wholesale seafood license holder, provide a copy of the depuration certificate application to the municipality, to the marine warden or wardens assigned to the municipality and, if a municipal shellfish management committee has been established pursuant to section 6671, subsection 2, to the municipal shellfish management committee.

- 10 Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6856, sub-§3-D, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 175, §5, is 11 amended to read:
- 12 B. In conducting depuration harvesting activities under this subsection, a person 13 holding a depuration certificate shall engage commercial harvesters holding valid 14 municipal and state commercial shellfish licenses. If there are insufficient 15 municipally licensed commercial shellfish harvesters, the depuration certificate 16 holder may supplement with other commercial shellfish harvesters licensed in the 17 State. When a depuration certificate is granted under this section, the depuration 18 certificate holder shall notify the municipality, the marine warden or wardens 19 assigned to that municipality and the municipally licensed commercial shellfish 20 harvesters in the municipality in which depuration is to be conducted of the date of 21 depuration harvesting with a minimum of 48 hours' notice. Notification must include 22 posting at the municipality's municipal offices. Notification must include a clear 23 delineation of the area in which the depuration is to be conducted, the time of the 24 harvest and contact information for the depuration certificate holder. The depuration 25 certificate holder shall hire and pay the municipally licensed commercial shellfish harvesters at the same rate as any other licensed harvesters hired for the activity. 26
- Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §6856, sub-§3-D, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 175, §5, is
  amended to read:
- 29 D. A depuration certificate holder shall pay each municipality an amount equal to 30  $50\notin 25\%$  of the current market value for each bushel of soft-shelled clams taken in 31 that municipality under the depuration certificate. When submitting payment to a 32 municipality under this paragraph, the depuration certificate holder shall include a 33 summary of reports submitted to the department pursuant to rules adopted under 34 subsection 4.
- 35 Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §6856, sub-§3-D, ¶E is enacted to read:
- E. A depuration certificate holder found by the department to be in noncompliance
  with any provision of this subsection is prohibited from engaging in depuration
  activities under this subsection for a period of one year from the date of the
  department's finding.

## SUMMARY

2 This bill amends the laws concerning the shellfish depuration harvesting process to clarify communication between the Department of Marine Resources, municipalities, 3 4 depuration certificate applicants and holders and licensed commercial shellfish harvesters 5 during the certification process. It also raises the rate of reimbursement paid to the 6 municipality by the depuration certificate holder from 50¢ for each bushel of soft-shelled 7 clams to 25% of the current market value for each bushel. The bill establishes a penalty 8 for noncompliance with any provision of the law regulating the soft-shelled clam 9 depuration harvesting process; depuration certificate holder found by the department to be in noncompliance is prohibited from engaging in depuration activities under this 10 subsection for a period of one year from the date of the department's finding. 11

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