

PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information **cannot** perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:

**Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §6448, sub-§8, ¶E** is enacted to read:

E. A person who has either successfully completed the requirements of the apprentice program under section 6422 or 6475 or held a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license in the previous calendar year and who has registered to enter an established island limited-entry program as described under section 6449 may declare as that person's declared lobster zone the zone in which that island limited-entry program is located when the person becomes eligible to enter the island limited-entry program.

**Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6449** is enacted to read:

### **§ 6449. Island limited-entry programs**

An island limited-entry program may be established pursuant to this section in order to maintain a number of licenses appropriate for the needs of an island community and the local lobster resource.

**1. Proposal to the commissioner.** Notwithstanding section 6448, subsection 7, a year-round island community may petition the commissioner for the establishment of an island limited-entry zone program if a minimum of 5 island residents that are holders of a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license or 10% of the island residents that are holders of a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license, whichever is greater, signs the petition submitted to the commissioner. If 2/3 of the Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders that are residents on the island voting in a referendum held pursuant to section 6447, subsection 6 support the establishment of an island limited-entry zone program, the commissioner may adopt rules to establish such a program, including a waiting list. Before establishing or amending the number of licenses available to island residents, the commissioner shall determine the number of licenses preferred by 2/3 of the Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders resident on the island. The commissioner may accept the preferences proposed by 2/3 of the license holders as reasonable and adopt those preferences or reject the preferences as unreasonable. The commissioner shall consult with the lobster management policy council for the lobster management zone in which the island is located before making the decision.

**2. No longer resident.** An individual who obtains a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license through an island limited-entry program but who no longer wishes to maintain residency on the island is subject to the following requirements.

A. A person who held a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license and maintained residency on the island for a period of not less than 8 years and who can document to the commissioner that the person harvested lobsters in each of the 8 years may end the person's residency on the island and fish elsewhere in the lobster management zone in which the island is located without going on a waiting list as established in section 6448.

B. A person who holds a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license and who either has maintained residency on the island for less than 8 years or who has maintained residency on the island for at least 8 years but cannot document to the commissioner that the person harvested lobsters in each of the 8 years may end the person's residency on the island and become eligible to fish elsewhere in the lobster management zone in which the island is located if that person complies with the waiting list requirement established in accordance with section 6448.

**3. Restriction.** This section applies only to an island in the coastal waters with a year-round community that is not connected to the mainland by an artificial structure.

**4. Rules.** The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the island limited-entry program. The rules must include but are not limited to:

A. A definition of residency on an island;

B. Allowances for the temporary absence from an island due to a medical condition or educational requirements; and

C. Providing for an opportunity for increasing the number of Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders on an island, if appropriate, based on the characteristics of the island and the lobster resource.

Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.'

## SUMMARY

This committee amendment replaces the bill.

1. It provides that a year-round island community on an island in the coastal waters that is not connected to the mainland by an artificial structure may petition the Commissioner of Marine Resources for the establishment of a limited-entry program for that island if a minimum of 5 Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders who are residents on the island or 10% of the island's resident Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders, whichever is greater, signs the petition.

2. It provides that if 2/3 of the Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders who are residents of the island voting in a referendum support the establishment of an island limited-entry program, the commissioner may adopt rules to establish such a program.

3. It requires that before establishing or amending the number of licenses available to island residents, the Commissioner of Marine Resources must determine the number of licenses preferred by 2/3 of the Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license holders who are residents on the island but retains the discretion to accept or reject that preference.

4. It requires the Commissioner of Marine Resources to consult with the applicable lobster management policy council before making a decision on the number of licenses to be made available.

5. It authorizes the Commissioner of Marine Resources to adopt rules to implement the program to define residency and to provide exceptions to the island residency requirement for temporary absences from an island for medical or educational purposes and to allow, when appropriate, for an increase in the number of licenses available to an island community over time.

6. It provides that a person who obtains a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license through an island limited-entry program and was a resident of the island for at least 8 years and harvested lobsters for each of those years and who no longer wishes to maintain residency on that island may fish elsewhere in the lobster management zone in which the island is located without having to go on the waiting list.