PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information *cannot* perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

An Act To Allow Municipal Cost Sharing for County Services

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, counties are currently in the process of adopting county budgets of which rural patrol is a significant cost; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §107, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 785, §1, is amended to read:

5. Fees.The<u>Except as provided in subsection 6, the</u> cost of developing and providing the service must be borne by those municipalities or other public or private entities using the service or by other means, but <u>mustmay</u> not in any way be borne by the tax for which municipalities are assessed pursuant to section 706.

Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §107, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

6. Offshore island tax assessment credit. For the purpose of allowing an offshore island municipality not connected to the mainland by a bridge to contract independently with the county for rural patrol services, the county may credit the qualifying municipality for a portion of the county assessment that would otherwise have been used to provide rural patrol services to the municipality if it were on the mainland. For any such agreement that is entered into, the assessment credit must be annually negotiated by the qualifying municipality and the county commissioners.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective May 11, 2007.